considerations, the Governor General in Council is satisfied that no foundation in fact exists for any such imputations. His Excellency the Viceroy is certain from his personal knowledge of the conduct of three Secretaries of State for India—Lord Halifax, the Duke of Argyll, and Lord Salisbury—whose term of office together extends over a period of 14 years out of the 17 years that have expired since the Government of India was transferred from the East India Company to the Crown, that no such pressure has been exercised by them upon the distribution of patronage in India. In his own case His Excellency desires to say that no appointments whatever have been pressed upon him by the Duke of Argyll or Lord Salisbury, who have filled the office of Secretary of State during the four years that he has been in India; and he has every reason to believe that other Secretaries of State have similarly abstained from exerting any such pressure. The blame then, if any be justly due for the manner in which patronage has been exercised in India, must rest upon the Indian authorities alone, and this is the sense in which the charges advanced by Mr. Lowe will be examined.

6. The appointments to which the charges refer may be divided into three classes—

1*st*.—Appointments made to certain offices under the Imperial Act of 1861 (24 and 25 Vic., C. 54).

2*nd*.—Appointments made to the Punjab and Oudh Commissions, and to the other Provinces commonly called "Non-Regulation."

3*rd*.—Certain appointments not included under the two preceding classes.

The distinction between these classes of appointments is well known to those who are conversant with the law of India. The offices placed in the first class were, previous to the Act of 1861, reserved by law to members of the Civil Service, and were only opened to others under the provisions of that Act. The offices comprised under the second and third classes have never been, and are not now, reserved by law to members of the Civil Service. In the words of Sir Charles Wood's despatch to the Government of India of the 9th of August 1861—

"For all other situations without any restriction, Europeans and Natives, subjects of Her "Majesty, are equally eligible under the general rules laid down by the several Governments in "India for the supply of those offices which the law does not require to be filled by members "of the Civil Service."

7. It would be difficult, if not impossible, to ascertain after a considerable lapse of time the precise reasons for every appointment which has been made in India during a series of years; but the charges made by Mr. Lowe are capable of some examination in detail, and for this purpose the three classes of appointments will be considered successively, and the particular appointments of which Mr. Lowe has complained will be noticed in their proper places.

8. It is first alleged that the Act of 1861 has been abused. Mr. Lowe is reported to have said that there was—

"a point up to which everything went fair with the Civil Service. * * The period in which "the decline of the system took place was 1861. In that year an Act was passed enabling "the Indian Government, under certain very stringent safeguards, as they were considered, to "appoint persons other than Civil Servants to offices which had hitherto been appropriated to "members of the Civil Service of India." * * * "Those evil consequences which I am "about to describe as having taken place in India did occur in consequence of this Act."

Mr. Lowe then quoted extracts from opinions given before the Act was passed by Mr. Ross Donelly Mangles and Lord Lawrence stating their apprehensions that the Act would be abused. These opinions, Mr. Lowe added,—

"seem to me to be absolutely prophetic when one comes to consider what has happened."

9. The object of the Act was correctly stated by Mr. Lowe, and was briefly described by Sir Charles Wood in his despatch to the Government of India of the 9th of August 1861 to be—

"to make such provision for the future that, whilst due regard was paid to the claims of the "Covenanted Servants of the Government, no absolute bar should remain against the employ-"ment of any person who might be the best fitted to fill any particular situation."

The question for present consideration is, whether the experience of 15 years shows that the securities provided in the Act against improper appointments have been sufficient, or Mr. Lowe's assertion that the powers given to the Government of India and the Home Government conjointly have been abused is correct.

10. The appointments that have been made under the provisions of the Act of 1861 up to the present time are—

(1.)—Colonel (afterwards Sir Henry) Durand was appointed in 1861 Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department. Colonel Durand's qualifications for this post are well known.

(2.)—Mr. Wylie was appointed in 1862 Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Branch of the Home Department. Mr. Wylie was the Clerk of the Legislative Council constituted under the 16th and 17th Vic., Cap. 95, and was selected for that office by reason of his legal training and experience. When the constitution of the Legislative Council was changed by the Act of 1861, his services were retained in the discharge of similar duties under a different title.

(3.)—Captain St. George was appointed in 1862 Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Branch of the Home Department. Captain St. George was selected for this office in consequence of his qualifications as an Orientalist, it being the special duty of the Assistant Secretary to explain papers to the Native Members of the Council who are unacquainted with the English language, and otherwise to assist them in such manner as they may require.

(4.)—Mr. A. G. Macpherson (Barrister-at-Law) was appointed in 1862 to be Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Legislative Department. In this office, as in the corresponding office under the Government of India, special qualifications as a draughtsman are required.

The three last mentioned appointments only technically came under the provisions of the Act.

(5.)—Baboo Tarucknath Sen was appointed in 1862 to officiate for six months as Additional Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, because there was no Covenanted Civil Servant whose services could be spared.

(6.)—Mr. H. L. Thompson, Judge of the Small Cause Court in Nuddea, was appointed in 1862 to officiate for eight months as Additional Judge at Backergunge, because there was no Covenanted Civil Servant available.

(7.)—Mr. Whitley Stokes was appointed in 1870 Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department. The post is one demanding the qualifications and experience of a draughtsman of Acts of Parliament, which no members of the Civil Service had then acquired.

(8.)—Captain Henderson was appointed in 1872 Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department. Captain Henderson's advancement was entirely due to his ability, especially in Oriental languages. He is an officer of the Madras Army, and possessed no other interest than the strong recommendations of the officers under whom he had served, and the personal experience of the Viceroy in regard to his qualifications.

(9.)—Mr. Gay was appointed in 1869 to officiate as Accountant-General in Bengal. Mr. Gay was a Clerk in the Treasury in England, and was selected for service in the Indian Financial Department in consequence of his knowledge of accounts.

11. Besides the above, 11 Uncovenanted Officers of the Financial Department have since the year 1861 been appointed from time to time to perform the duties of Accountants-General for short periods varying from 1 to 8 months, whilst the permanent incumbents were on leave. It was not considered that these latter appointments came under the Act of 1861. Whether

this was a correct construction of the Act may be open to question; but the Government of India of the time acted under the most competent advice, and the appointments themselves were both justifiable and necessary. It would have been improper to have placed an untrained Civilian to perform the duty of Accountant-General, which requires special training. Moreover, the short periods for which the appointments were made render them of slight importance in so far as the interests of the Civil Service are concerned. One of these temporary appointments, that of Mr. Kiernander, was alluded to by Mr. Lowe, who stated that Mr. Kiernander was gazetted—

"to be in charge of the Office of Accountant-General instead of being Accountant-
"General, although he draws the full pay and performs all the duties."

The facts are that the appointment was only an officiating one for 35 days, and that the pay Mr. Kiernander drew was not much more than half that of the Civil Servant who held the permanent appointment.

12. The appointments made under the Act of 1861 show that the safeguards against its abuse have been amply sufficient. When only six permanent appointments have been made under that Act in 15 years, the interests of the Civil Service can hardly have been seriously prejudiced. The imputation that advantage has been taken of the Act to make improper appointments falls to the ground by the mere statement of the names and qualifications of the officers who have been appointed under its provisions.

13. The Government of India will next examine the charges which are contained in Mr. Lowe's speech against the appointments which have been made to the Punjab and Oudh Commissions. These charges are based upon a Resolution issued by the Government of India in 1856, which will be found among the papers presented to Parliament previous to Mr. Lowe's motion. When that Resolution was issued, the pay of the higher appointments in the Punjab and Oudh was much lower than the pay of similar appointments in the North-Western Provinces; and the Civil Servants employed in the Punjab and Oudh, who had originally been taken from the North-Western Provinces, complained that they had been treated hardly, and that all the more lucrative appointments fell to the share of their fellows who had remained in the North-West. The main object of the Resolution, as explained in the correspondence laid before Parliament and as appears upon the face of the Resolution itself, was to secure for the officers serving in the Punjab and Oudh a proper share of the more lucrative appointments of the North-Western Provinces, and it was laid down that the claims of those officers should always be taken into consideration when vacancies occurred in such appointments. The Resolution therefore was primarily intended to withdraw Civilians from the Punjab and Oudh as their length of service increased, and to bring them back to the North-Western Provinces; and it actually had that effect.

14. Lord Dalhousie, as a supplement to these orders, desiring that the military element should not predominate in the Non-Regulation Provinces, directed—(1) that first appointments to the Punjab and Oudh should be so filled as gradually to secure an equal number of Civilians to that of Military and Uncovenanted Officers; and (2)—

"that when a Civilian was promoted out of the Punjab and Oudh to the North-Western
"Provinces, a Civilian should be selected by the Government of India from the North-Western
"Provinces and posted to either Commission as an Assistant Commissioner or as a Deputy
"Commissioner of any grade, as the Government might think fit, such vacancies being
"considered as exceptional and the consequent arrangements discretionary with the Gov-
"ernment."

It was not intended that these orders should be injurious to the Military Officers serving on the Commissions; it is expressly stated in the letter written under Lord Dalhousie's instructions to the Punjab Government in explanation of the Resolution that—

"it is obvious that the promotions of the Civilians to Collectorships in the North-
"Western Provinces will open the way for the promotion in the Commission of the Military
"men no less than of the Civilians remaining in it, so that the former will have no cause
"of complaint; they will have the same chances of advancement to the higher posts of the
"Commission as the Civil Servants belonging to it;"

and this was repeated by Lord Lawrence in 1864, when he carried Lord Dalhousie's orders further, and decided that two-thirds of the appointments in those provinces should be filled by Civil Servants. Lord Lawrence said that it was—

"not desired that any Military Officer now in civil employ in the Punjab, who is entitled "to promotion, should in any case be superseded by a Covenanted Civil Servant, who is junior "in the Commission, and who has not otherwise stronger claim for promotion, merely for the "object of restoring the prescribed proportion of Civil and Military Officers in the upper "grades."

15. Mr. Lowe says that up to the year 1861 no complaint can be brought against the manner in which appointments were made in India, but he complains in the strongest language of the appointments and promotions that have been made since that time, describing them as "one great job from beginning to end."

16. It is, however, to the appointments made before 1861 that the present condition of the higher ranks of those Commissions is almost entirely due. Owing to the loss of life in the Mutiny and other causes, there was not up to the year 1862 a sufficient number of Civil Servants available to fill the vacancies caused by the promotion of Civil Servants from the Punjab and Oudh into the North-Western Provinces, or to supply enough Civil Servants to secure the proper proportion in filling first appointments to the Punjab and Oudh Commissions. This is proved by the correspondence of the time, and it appears from the papers which were presented to Parliament previous to Mr. Lowe's motion, in which it will be found that the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces in May 1862 declined to spare Civilians from those Provinces. The Government of India requested the Home Government then and before to reinforce the ranks of the Civil Service; but in the meantime it was impossible to arrive at the proportion contemplated in the Resolution of 1856 between Civil Servants and Military and Uncovenanted Officers. The failure did not arise from favoritism, or from neglect of the interests of the Civil Servants, but simply because their numbers were not sufficient to fill the vacancies. It was not until an increased supply of Civilians had arrived in India in 1861 and afterwards, and they had qualified themselves for service, that there were enough Civilians to admit of their extensive employment in the Non-Regulation Provinces.

17. So much misconception has existed upon this subject that the history and condition of the Punjab and Oudh Commissions will be more fully explained.

18. In the Punjab, when junior Civilians were available, the higher ranks of the Commission had gradually by the force of circumstances become filled by a large proportion of Military Officers. This was mainly owing to the fact that many Civilians left the Punjab in order to secure the comparatively high rates of pay which obtained in the Regulation Provinces. The Government of India would have been guilty of injustice if they had superseded the Military Officers who remained by young Civil Servants. Mr. Lowe does not suggest that this should have been done, and the Civil Servants of the North-Western Provinces in their memorial expressly state that they do not advocate any such measure. Yet this was the only way in which the proportion of Civilians in the higher ranks contemplated in the resolution of 1856 could have been secured.

19. The present condition of the Punjab Commission is as follows:—

There are 10 Commissioners, of whom 6 are Military Officers and 4 are Civil Servants. All these Officers, both Civil and Military, were posted to the Province between the years 1846 and 1855, that is to say, before the issue of Lord Dalhousie's Resolution in 1856.

There are 11 Deputy Commissioners of the 1st class, of whom 8 are Military Officers, 2 are Civil Servants, and 1 is an Uncovenanted Officer. All these Officers were appointed before 1856.

There are 11 Deputy Commissioners of the 2nd class. Of these, 7 are Military Officers, and 4 are Civil Servants. Of the 7 Military Officers, 5 were appointed to the Punjab Commission before the issue of Lord Dalhousie's

Resolution of 1856; the other 2 Military Officers and the 4 Civil Servants were appointed in the years 1857-58-59.

There are 10 Deputy Commissioners of the 3rd class. Of these, 2 are Civil Servants appointed after 1856, one is an Uncovenanted Officer, and 7 are Military Officers. Of these, the Uncovenanted Officer and one of the Military Officers were appointed before the issue of the Resolution of 1856; the remaining 6 Military Officers were appointed in the years 1858-59-60—all were appointed before 1861, up to which date Mr. Lowe has no complaint to make.

20. In these ranks, therefore, which constitute all the higher grades of the Punjab Commission, no ground exists to support Mr. Lowe's assertion that—

"men of good family and connections have been placed in the Civil Service to the exclu-
"sion of those for whom Lord Dalhousie's Resolution declared that the service should be
"reserved;"

and Mr. Lowe has made no attempt to support by proofs his further assertion that "over and over again" Civilians found—

"others put over their heads until almost all the best posts in these Provinces were filled,
"and the Civilians were kept in the lowest grades."

It is almost unnecessary to say that there is no foundation whatever for this assertion.

21. From returns received from the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, it appears that the following appointments have been made to the Punjab Commission in and after the year 1862 :—

69 Civilians.
30 Military Officers.
5 Uncovenanted Officers.

TOTAL 104

The proportion of Civilians appointed has been considerably more than that laid down by Lord Dalhousie, and equal to that laid down by Lord Lawrence.

22. In order to understand the causes of the present condition of the Oudh Commission, it is necessary to remember its history. It was first constituted early in the year 1856. The Mutiny broke out in 1857, and the Commission was re-constituted in April 1858, after the Province had been re-occupied.

23. Up to the outbreak of the mutiny in 1857, 50 appointments had been made to the Commission, comprising 25 Civil Servants, 20 Officers of the Army, and 5 Uncovenanted Officers.

Of the 25 Civil Servants, 11 were killed or died during the Mutiny, and 12 had left Oudh before the Commission was re-constituted. So that only two Officers, Sir George Couper and Mr. Capper, out of the 25 Civil Servants who had been appointed since 1856, actually took their place upon the Commission of 1858.

Of the 20 Officers of the Army, 6 were killed or died during the Mutiny, and 7 had left Oudh, so that 7 Officers of the Army who belonged to the old Commission took their places upon the Commission of 1858.

Of the 5 Uncovenanted Officers, 2 died or were killed during the mutiny, one had left Oudh, and 2 took their places upon the Commission of 1858.

24. Thus it arose that in the early days of the re-constituted Commission, the number of the Military and Uncovenanted Officers who had belonged to the old Commission exceeded that of the Civilians. At that time, owing to the loss of life in the Mutiny, there was a great want of Civil Servants in Upper India; it was necessary to fill the ranks of the Oudh Commission, and the deficiency of Civil Servants was supplied from Officers of the Army, many of whom owing to the mutiny of the regiments to which they belonged were available, and from Uncovenanted Officers some of whom had distinguished themselves in the Mutiny while others had filled subordinate situations in the Administration.

25. It has thus occurred that in the higher grades of the Commission the number of Military and Uncovenanted Officers is now unduly large as

compared with that of Civil Servants. This has arisen not only from the dearth of Civil Servants before the year 1861, but also because, as in the case of the Punjab, many of the Civil Servants who were appointed to Oudh have chosen to leave the Province in order to take advantage of the better prospects which were then open to them in the North-Western Provinces and elsewhere. Of the 16 Civil Servants appointed to Oudh on the re-constitution of the Commission, only 4 now remain in Oudh; the remaining 12 left for their own advantage at a time when it was difficult, if not impossible, to replace them by other Civil Servants of experience.

26. From returns received from the Chief Commissioner of Oudh, it appears that the following appointments have been made to the Oudh Commission in and after 1862:—

42	Civilians.
33	Military Officers.
10	Uncovenanted Officers.
TOTAL 85	

The proportion of Civilians appointed has been equal to that laid down by Lord Dalhousie, but is less than that laid down by Lord Lawrence. It is impossible to say precisely what led to a larger proportion of Military and Uncovenanted Officers having been appointed in Oudh than in the Punjab. But it is obvious, from 13 Civilians having been appointed in 1865, that as soon as young Civil Servants were available they were freely appointed to the junior ranks. As in the case of the Punjab, it would have been both unjust and contrary to the public interests to have placed young Civil Servants in the higher ranks over the heads of Officers who had done good service on the Commission. The present condition of the Oudh Commission is, that while in the lower ranks the proportion of Civil Servants is ample, the higher ranks have, by the force of circumstances, become filled in more than due proportion with Officers of the Army and Uncovenanted Officers who, especially the latter, found it to be to their interest to remain in Oudh.

27. Mr. Lowe has alluded to two appointments of Uncovenanted Officers to the Oudh Commission which he considered to have been improper—those of Mr. Gibson and Mr. Butts. He complains that Mr. Gibson

"was appointed to the post of Assistant Commissioner in 1864, when 240 Civilians had just "been sent to India in the three preceding years, and there was a surplus of them in "every province."

The facts are that Mr. Gibson having served in 1857 as a volunteer in the Meerut Light Horse was appointed Adjutant of the Moradabad Battalion. That appointment was abolished in 1861, when he was appointed an Assistant Superintendent of the Oudh Police. In 1864 he was permitted to exchange his appointment with Major (now Colonel) MacGregor, who was then an Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, and whose place Mr. Gibson occupies on the Commission. The arrangement was obviously one which did not affect the prospects of employment of young Civilians. Mr. Butts was one of the Officers engaged upon the Oudh settlement operations who were absorbed in the Oudh Commission in 1873, when he was appointed an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd grade, his position on the list being determined by the same rules that were applied to other Settlement Officers. The following notice of his service and appointment is taken from the letter of the Chief Commissioner of Oudh of the 9th of January 1873:—

"Mr. Butts was appointed to be an Extra Assistant Commissioner, 3rd grade, on "Rs. 250 on the 3rd July 1863, and stood 5th in this grade, when, in November 1865, "he was transferred to the Settlement Department as an Assistant Settlement Officer on "Rs. 600; his name has therefore been entered in the list of 3rd grade Assistant Com- "missioners from the date of his transfer."

28. Mr. Lowe has also referred to the appointment in 1872 of Major James, who was then serving in the Central India Horse, to a Deputy Commissionership of the 4th class in the Central Provinces. This appointment was made by Lord Mayo on the recommendation of Sir Henry Daly, the Agent to the Governor General for Central India, entirely upon public grounds, which are described by him in a letter annexed to this Resolution.

29. One other particular appointment to a Non-Regulation Province has been complained of by Mr. Lowe—that of Mr. P. J. White, who is Assistant Commissioner of Jhansie. This gentleman, who had been for some time in the Government service, was appointed to the Jhansie Commission by Mr. Edmonstone, then Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, to do some settlement work of importance, for which

"no Civil Servant of sufficient experience was available, who, looking to the scale of the "allowances and the unpopularity of the district, could be expected to go there."

This was placed on record at the time in a Minute of the Board of Revenue of the North-Western Provinces.

30. Sufficient has been said to show that there is no foundation for Mr. Lowe's charges against the Government of India in regard to the second class of appointments upon which he has commented, *viz.*, those made to the Punjab and Oudh Commissions; and that the assertion attributed to him that promotion in the Non-Regulation Provinces has been "one great job from beginning to end" is grossly incorrect. These appointments are not reserved by law to the Civil Service; the policy of the Government of India has been to preserve, so far as is practicable and just, a due proportion of Civil Servants in all ranks of the Non-Regulation Commissions, and when the facts are fully set forth it will be obvious that neither in their general treatment of the Punjab and Oudh Commissions, nor in the particular instances cited by Mr. Lowe, are the authorities in India open to the grave charges that have been brought against them.

31. It only remains to notice the third class of appointments to which Mr. Lowe has referred, namely, those which, equally with the last class, are not reserved by law to members of the Civil Service, but which do not belong to the Non-Regulation Provinces. They are of a miscellaneous character, and most of them appertain to branches of the Administration in which special departments have been created, manned by Military or Uncovenanted Officers upon a lower scale of pay than that enjoyed by Civil Servants. In the majority of these appointments it would be unjust to pass over the claims of men who have served long in the departments in favour of a Civil Servant.

32. Mr. Lowe has mentioned three cases, in which he conceives that improper appointments of this kind have been made:—

1*st*, that of Mr. Kempson, who was appointed Director of Public Instruction; 2*nd*, that of Mr. R. A. Lloyd, who was appointed a Professor of Literature and an Inspector of Schools; and 3*rd*, that of Mr. Macdonald, who was appointed to be Assistant Superintendent of the Terai Pergunnahs. All these appointments were made in the North-Western Provinces.

33. As regards the two appointments in the Educational Department, Mr. Lowe is reported to have stated that his attention had been directed to the claims of the Civil Servants of the North-Western Provinces in consequence of his having filled the office of Secretary to the Board of Control in the years from 1853 to 1855. He might before attacking these appointments at least have recalled to his recollection the educational policy which was adopted at that time. The well known Educational despatch of 1854 from the Court of Directors contains the following passage:—

"It may, perhaps, be advisable that the first Heads of the Educational Department, "as well as some of the Inspectors, should be members of our Civil Service, as such appoint- "ments, in the first instance, would tend to raise the estimation in which these offices "will be held, and to show the importance we attach to the subject of education, and also "as amongst them you will probably find the persons best qualified for the performance of the "duty. But we desire that neither these offices, nor any others connected with education, "shall be considered as necessarily to be filled by members of that service to the exclusion "of others, Europeans or Natives, who may be better fitted for them."

Again, in a despatch from the Secretary of State of April 7th, 1859, the following passage occurs:—

"After a full consideration of the grounds on which the Court of Directors formerly "gave their sanction, as a temporary arrangement, to the employment of Covenanted Civil "Servants in the Department of Education, Her Majesty's Government are, on the whole, "of opinion that, as a general rule, all appointments in the Department of Education should "be filled by individuals unconnected with the service of Government, either Civil or "Military."

34. It will be seen from these despatches that the appointment of Uncovenanted Officers to the two educational posts in question was in complete accord with the policy laid down by the Secretary of State. This policy is well known in India: only two years ago a Civil Servant in Bengal was appointed to an educational post. The Officers of the Educational Department memorialised the Viceroy, protesting against the appointment as unfair to them. Sir George Campbell, then Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, justified the appointment on the ground that there did not happen to be an Officer of the Educational Department qualified for the particular post in question. The Government of India supported the Lieutenant-Governor, but at the same time fully recognised

"the preferential claim of the Officers of the Educational Department to all posts in their "Department."

35. The third appointment, that of Mr. Macdonald, only remains. Mr. Macdonald was engaged from 1855 to 1858 in the Railway Survey Department at Melbourne; from 1858 to 1860 he was employed in Kumaon, when the appointment he held was reduced; in 1861 he was appointed to be Assistant Magistrate in the Terai; and in 1871 he was promoted to be Superintendent of the Terai. The principal duty he has had to perform has been to carry out the admirable system of irrigation which Major-General Ramsay has introduced into the pestilential tract below the Kumaon Mountains. For this purpose the qualifications of an Engineer which Mr. Macdonald possessed were necessary, and no young Civil Servant could have suitably filled the appointment.

36. These observations will suffice to show with how little consideration grave charges have been brought by Mr. Lowe against appointments of this class made by the Local Governments. The Government of India entirely concur with the following observations which have been made by Sir John Strachey, Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, on this subject:—

"Mr. Lowe, in bringing the case of the Civilians before Parliament on the 29th June 1875 "spoke as if these grievances had arisen from deliberate misconduct and breach of faith on "the part of the Government of India and the Local Governments. With the first part of "this charge, the Government of India will deal as it thinks right. The Lieutenant-"Governor will say nothing regarding it except this, that he knows that it is unfounded. "But he cannot remain silent on the latter part of the charge, which concerns Local "Governments, and this Government in particular.

"'The whole cause of the matter,' Mr. Lowe said, 'is simply this, that the Local "'Governments have taken the patronage and appropriated it to themselves, instead of "'giving it to those to whom by law it belonged. Here you have the most complete ad-"'mission that the rules of the Government have been broken, and that it has been done "'through the misconduct of the Local Governments.'

"Sir John Strachey has no personal interest in this question. He has never, he be-"lieves, been charged with taking away from the Civil Service a single appointment which "properly belonged to it, and it is in justice to his predecessors in this Government, and not to "himself, that he notices these statements.

"The Lieutenant-Governor does not assert that the best possible course was followed "in every case during the last ten or fifteen years in which an appointment which might "have been given by the Local Government to a Civilian was given to a Military or "an Uncovenanted Officer. But this he asserts, as a fact which cannot be contradicted, "that if every appointment of the kind made during the last fifteen years by this Gov-"ernment had been given to a Civilian, the present difficulty would, for all practical "purposes, have been exactly what it is now. The grievances of the Civilians in these "Provinces are too real and serious to require to be bolstered up by charges of favouritism "and jobbery. Jobs are of course perpetrated occasionally in India as elsewhere, but "jobbery is not one of the ordinary sins of Indian Governments.

"The real cause of the existing difficulties in regard to promotion is obvious. In "1856, 1857, 1861, 1862, 1863, and 1864, a far larger number of men were appointed to the "service than was actually required. Other causes have undoubtedly tended to aggravate "the evil, but in comparison with this main cause they have been of quite secondary "importance."

37. To conclude. The appointments made under the Act of 1861 have been so few in number that they cannot have had any prejudicial effect on the prospects of Civil Servants, and none of them are open to the imputation of improper motives on the part of the Government of India. It has not

been found possible to give full effect to the intentions of Lord Dalhousie and of Lord Lawrence with regard to appointments in the Non-Regulation Provinces, because the dearth of Civilians rendered it impossible for a considerable time to establish the prescribed proportions in the higher ranks. The instances brought forward by Mr. Lowe to support his allegation that improper appointments have been made to the Non-Regulation Provinces or elsewhere entirely fail when the facts are examined.

38. The Government of India desire to repeat that, in dealing with the statements attributed to Mr. Lowe in the publication which has been circulated in India, they have abstained altogether from discussing the present position of the Civil Servants of the North-Western Provinces or elsewhere. They have confined themselves to examining whether there is any foundation for the charges of breach of faith, corruption and favouritism, brought by Mr. Lowe against the authorities in India; and they believe that the facts described in this Resolution will suffice to show that these grave charges are entirely destitute of foundation. It is a matter of great regret to the Governor General in Council that a statesman of Mr. Lowe's distinction and abilities should have been misled into making statements calculated to bring into undeserved discredit the character of Her Majesty's servants who have formerly been and now are employed in the administration of Her Majesty's Indian Territories.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India.*

(True Extract.)

ARTHUR HOWELL,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of India.

APPENDIX.

No. $\frac{80}{14}$, dated 7th February 1876.

From—MAJOR-GENL. SIR H. D. DALY, K. C. S. I., *Agent to the Governor General for Central India,*

To—C. U. AITCHISON, ESQ., C. S. I., *Secy. to the Govt. of India, Foreign Department.*

I HAVE the honor to submit, in reply to your No. 2566 of 21st ultimo, respecting the appointment by the late Viceroy of Major James, Central India Horse, to a Deputy Commissionership, Central Provinces, the following.

2. The Central India Horse was embodied in 1858-59 under the orders of the Government of India to supply the place of the Cavalry of the Gwalior, Malwa, and Bhopal Contingents swept away during the Mutiny. As the force was for service within Native States without defined boundaries and with daily conflicting interests, it was essential that its officers should be linguists and men of tact. Application in this spirit was made by Government to each Presidency for two or three selected officers. Major (then Lieutenant) James was one thus sent by the Commander-in-Chief of Madras (Sir P. Grant).

3. My own connection with the Central India Horse began in 1861, when I was appointed Commandant by Lord Canning. On joining I found Lieutenant James, Staff Officer of the force and Assistant in charge of the civil duties at Goona, the head-quarters.

4. In 1863-64 application was made to me for the services of an officer for boundary settlement work in Bundlekund,—questions of intricacy between Native States themselves and between the British Government and Native States. I selected Captain James, knowing that he was a rare linguist and possessed of the patient temper and knowledge requisite in dealing with points of custom and tradition.

5. Captain James so successfully fulfilled the task that during two years' labor there was not, I believe, a single appeal from his decisions. After completion of the duty Captain James resumed his place in the Central India Horse.

6. In 1865-66 Major James (he had now become Major) was offered by the Agent, Governor General, Central India, the appointment of Officiating First Assistant, a position of much responsibility, in consequence of his success in settlement work. Between 1866 and 1870 Major James on several occasions officiated as Political Agent in Western Malwa, and was employed from time to time on boundary work. His substantive appointment in the Central India Horse was Squadron Officer and 2nd in Command, though he had repeatedly held temporary command of a Corps. It was on the ground of Major James's special fitness for civil employment thus established that I submitted a recommendation to Lord Mayo for his transfer from the Military Branch.

7. Lord Mayo had no acquaintance of any sort with Major James, nor with Captain Buller, 2nd Squadron Officer in 11th Bengal Cavalry, appointed to succeed him in the Central India Horse. The late Viceroy had seen neither officer. Bearing in mind the peculiarity of services required of officers in the Central India Horse to maintain the force in the efficiency which has won special acknowledgments from the Commander-in-Chief, Lord Napier, on occasions when regiments have been associated with the army, a roll of eligible officers was submitted to Lord Mayo through his Military Secretary.

8. He selected Captain Buller. Captain Buller was not even aware of his nomination, which was solely on the grounds of his merits as an officer.

9. So far from the appointment being wanted for any one officer, there were doubts of Captain Buller's acceptance, and as events have turned out, it would have been better for him had he remained with the 11th Bengal Cavalry: he would now have been Commandant.

Major James received a Deputy Commissionership, 4th class, Rs. 1,000 per mensem, in 1871, after 25 years' service. In emolument there was little difference between his appointment in the Central India Horse and the Deputy Commissionership. In 1872 he became Lieutenant-Colonel, when, without advancement in the grade of Deputy Commissioner, in income he became a loser.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Fort William, the 21st February 1876.

No. 93.—APPOINTMENT.—Captain H. W. Hastings, Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Grade in Oudh, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Fyzabad during the absence on furlough of Mr. R. M. King, C.S., or until further orders.

The 23rd February 1876.

No. 99.—The under-mentioned Officer has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of leave as below:—

Name.	Service.	Appointment.	Period and nature of extension.
Mr. F. Baker ...	Covenanted Civil Service.	Assistant Magistrate and Collector, N. W. Provinces.	6 months—Medical Certificate.

The 25th February 1876.

No. 102.—The under-mentioned Officer has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of leave as below:—

Name.	Service.	Appointment.	Period and nature of extension.
Mr. J. S. Drummond.	Covenanted Civil Service.	Magistrate and Collector, Bengal.	6 months—Furlough.

ARTHUR HOWELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION—JUDICIAL.

Fort William, the 23rd February 1876.

No. 26 *J.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to invest Mr. C. Swappe, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, in charge of the Burnuggur Division of the Neemuch (State) Railway, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class, as described in Section 20 of Act X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), to be exercised within the limits of the Neemuch (State) Railway.

T. H. THORNTON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ACCOUNTS.

Fort William, the 24th February 1876.

No. 1106.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the following appointments consequent on the grant of furlough and leave on medical certificate to Messrs. J. Westland, E. Rule, and R. A. Sterndale:—

Mr. W. Donald to officiate as Deputy Accountant General, Madras.

Mr. D. Kishn Singh to officiate as Assistant Accountant General, Madras.

Mr. R. E. Hamilton to officiate as Assistant Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta.

Mr. H. G. Cowie to officiate as Deputy Accountant General, Central Provinces, and Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Nagpore Circle.

Mr. C. J. O. Mayne to officiate as Assistant Accountant General, N. W. Provinces.

No. 1133.—Mr. W. H. Dobbie is appointed to officiate as an Assistant to the Comptroller General.

No. 1160.—*Cash Balances in the Government Treasuries in India on the last day of the month of January* 1876, *compared with those on the same date in* 1875 *and* 1874:—

	January 1874.	January 1875.	January 1876.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Govt. of India ...	3,10,22,831	2,44,66,864	2,23,78,302
Bengal ... }	1,99,04,940	2,38,61,922	1,93,04,592
Assam ... }		26,18,846	34,27,139
British Burmah ...	23,38,260	30,74,204	26,34,568
N. W. Provinces ...	2,49,13,572	2,30,15,253	2,62,45,037
Oudh ...	58,17,896	64,68,786	74,37,485
Punjab ...	1,20,15,630	1,43,76,284	1,17,81,207
Bombay ...	2,77,49,766	2,29,60,889	2,36,11,977
Central Provinces ...	74,89,818	50,20,585	48,56,797
Madras ...	2,46,77,160	2,30,41,214	2,19,51,525
TOTAL ...	15,59,29,873	14,89,04,847	14,36,28,629

LEAVE AND ALLOWANCES.

The 25th February 1876.

No. 1157.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the cancellation of the words "subject to the confirmation of the Government of India" in exception 2, and the words "subject to the confirmation of the Government of India in the Public Works Department" in exception 3 to Section 25 of the Acting Allowance Code.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 21st February 1876.

No. 172 *of* 1876.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 114 of 1876, Surgeon-General S. Currie, M.D., C.B., of Her Majesty's British Forces, has been allowed a further extension of leave in Europe from the 1st to the 4th January 1876.

No. 173 *of* 1876.—Sub-Conductor Thomas Radford, of the Army Commissariat Department, is allowed leave of absence for one month, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Bombay preparatory to applying for furlough to Europe on medical certificate.

No. 174 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned Officers, and men of the Mhairwarra Battalion are transferred to the Invalid Establishment on the pensions specified, with effect from the date they may be struck off the strength of the Battalion :—

Serial No.	Rank.	Name.	In what rank pensioned.	Amount of pension.	Circle of payment.	Serial No.	Rank.	Name.	In what rank pensioned.	Amount of pension.	Circle of payment.
				Rs.						Rs.	
	Subadar...	Rama ...	Subadar...	25	N. W. P.		Naick ...	Jeyta ...	Naick ...	7	N. W. P.
	Havildar..	Jodha ...	Havildar..	7	„		„ ...	Loomba ...	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Kessra ...	„ ...	7	„		Sepoy ...	Uckha ...	Sepoy ...	4	„
	„ ...	Unwar Khan ...	„ ...	7	„		„ ...	Ramzan Khan ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Dowla ...	„ ...	7	„		„ ...	Jhalla ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Bhow ...	„ ...	7	„		„ ...	Kulla ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Bucktawar ...	„ ...	7	„		„ ...	Soorta ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Lackha ...	Naick ...	7	„		„ ...	Khoomun ...	„ ...	4	Punjab.
	„ ...	Sudda ...	„ ...	7	„		„ ...	Doorsa ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Roopa ...	„ ...	7	„		„ ...	Bhowana ...	„ ...	4	N. W. P.
	„ ...	Behary Lall ...	„ ...	7	Punjab.		„ ...	Sewdeen Singh ...	„ ...	4	„
	Naick ...	Moha Singa ...	„ ...	7	N. W. P.		„ ...	Ramgolam ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Ooma ...	„ ...	7	„		„ ...	Mootie ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Neemba ...	„ ...	7	„		„ ...	Beharee Loll ...	„ ...	4	„

No. 175 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers and Warrant Officer have reported their return from England :—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) R. Davidson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class,—date of arrival at Bombay, 17th February 1876.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. Millett, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Inspector General of Police, Hyderabad,—date of arrival at Bombay, 17th February 1876.

Surgeon-Major C. P. Costella, of the Medical Department,—date of arrival at Bombay, 17th February 1876.

Surgeon-Major J. Picthall, M.D., of the Medical Department, Examiner of Medical Accounts,—date of arrival at Bombay, 11th February 1876.

Surgeon-Major G. W. Jameson, of the Medical Department,—date of arrival at Bombay, 17th November 1875.

Captain J. A. S. Colquhoun, of the Royal Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class,—date of arrival at Bombay, 17th February 1876.

Captain B. P. Hodgson, of the Bengal Staff Corps,—date of arrival at Bombay, 12th February 1876.

Captain C. E. Macaulay, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Punjab,—date of arrival at Bombay, 1st December 1875.

1st Class Assistant Apothecary S. Saxon, of the Subordinate Medical Department,—date of arrival at Bombay, 17th December 1875 (date of departure on furlough, 9th February 1874).

No. 176 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are allowed extensions of leave to the following dates on which they reported their return to India from the furlough to Europe granted to them by G. G. Orders Nos. 541 and 550 of 1875, respectively :—

Captain C. E. Macaulay, Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Punjab,—to the 1st December 1875.

Surgeon-Major G. W. Jameson, of the Medical Department,—to the 17th November 1875.

No. 177 of 1876.—The under-mentioned men are transferred to the Pension Establishment:—

Serial No.	Rank.	Name.	In what rank pensioned.	Amount of pension.	Circle of payment.
		10th Hussars.		Rs.	
	Syce ...	Sookram ...	Syce ...	3	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Jurrink ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Mowla Khan ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Peer Khan ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Deen Dial ...	„ ...	3	Presidency.
	„ ...	Sewumber ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Doommun ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Bodee ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Davie, 1st ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Davie, 2nd ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Juggun ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Allee Bux ...	„ ...	3	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Bhowaniedeen ...	„ ...	3	Presidency.
	„ ...	Dussowut ...	„ ...	3	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Davie, 3rd ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Jirbundun ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Jahullie ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Lolie ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Roopa ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Rosai ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Kadairoo ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Basunta ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Davie, 4th ...	„ ...	3	Presidency.
	„ ...	Matadeen ...	„ ...	3	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Beeput ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Chand ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Doorgah ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Orie ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Kadir ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Madarbuccus ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Punchum ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Narainjun ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Chaidie ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Roopa, 2nd ...	„ ...	3	„
	Grass-cutter	Nundah ...	Grass-cutter	3	Punjab.
	„ ...	Sewumber ...	„ ...	3	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Munsa ...	„ ...	3	„

Serial No.	Rank.	Name.	In what rank pensioned.	Amount of pension.	Circle of payment.
		10th Hussars, —contd.		Rs.	
	Grass-cutter	Mohun ...	Grass-cutter	3	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Kassie ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Nunkoo ...	„ ...	3	Presidency.
	„ ...	Dhurrumjeet ...	„ ...	3	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Gasseetah ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Lodha ...	„ ...	3	„
	„	Kassie ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Jahullie ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Doorga Churrun..	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Chotoo ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Pultun ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Matadeen ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Suddasookh ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Bhowanie ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Chundee ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Bhowan ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Safferee ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Muttaiee ...	„ ...	3	„
	„ ...	Davie, 5th ...	„ ...	3	„
		35th Regiment, Native Infantry.			
	Havildar...	Chaitram ...	Naick ...	7	N. W. P.
	Naick ...	Megnauth ...	„ ...	7	„
		5th Goorkha Regiment.			
	Jemadar ..	Bucktawur Sing Bora.	Jemadar ..	12	Allahabad.
	Havildar	Bhan Daib Jaicie	Havildar	7	„
	„ ...	Munnee Ram Goorung.	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Cheit Ram Bisht	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Goomanee Chund	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Hust Dull Khuttree.	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Sham Sing Khuttree.	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Dowlut Sing Bhundari.	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Davie Sing Bhutt	„ ...	7	„
	Naick ...	Sibram Raot ...	Naick ...	7	„
	„ ...	Sobha Raot ...	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Ruttunbeer Alea	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Rajnarain Nuggerkotie.	„ ...	7	„

Serial No.	Rank.	Name.	In what rank pensioned.	Amount of pension.	Circle of payment.
		5th Goorkha Regiment—contd.		Rs.	
	Naick ...	Kurbeer Thapa ...	Naick ...	7	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Ramchund Chund	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Bullbeer Kwass ...	„ ...	7	„
	„ ...	Gunnessa Raot ...	„ ...	7	„
	Sepoy Musician.	Koottub Din Sheikh	Sepoy Musician.	4	„
	Sepoy ...	Luchman Jaicie...	Sepoy ...	4	„
	„ ...	Bishram Jaicie ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Ruttun Sing Mohar	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Punchum Sing Bhundarie.	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Hurree Sing Dewa	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Daivie Sing Sahie	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Beerbhan Khunka	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Soommairoo Kunaith.	„ ...	4	Punjab.
	„ ...	Jowahir Sing Raot	„ ...	4	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Roop Sing Thucoorati.	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Khoda Bux Sheikh	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Munoruth Jaicie	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Dhean Sing Sahie	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Nurput Bisht ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Chundderbeer Khattree.	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Gungaram Durjee	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Dulleep Sing Putwall.	„ ...	4	„
		5th Goorkha Regiment—contd.		Rs.	
	Sepoy ...	Ramnath Jaicie ...	Sepoy ...	4	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Bhuj Ram Maher	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Gunesha Rana ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Poona Ram Jaicie	„ ...	4	Presidency.
	„ ...	Bharuth Goorung	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Amrit Karki ...	„ ...	4	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Dusmoo Raot ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Sibboo Jaicie ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Ummer Sing Dholie.	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Nowrotum Jaicie	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Doorgman Khunka	„ ...	4	Punjab.
	„ ...	Poossoo Aggurwal	„ ...	4	Allahabad.
	„ ...	Maun Sing Punth	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Prem Sing Megwall	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Daivie Sing Poowar	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Uttum Sing Raot	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Puddum Sing Bisht	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Jeet Sing Roka ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Bahader Sing Rowthan.	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Lall Sing Rana ...	„ ...	4	„
	„ ...	Kishna Mull ...	„ ...	4	„

The 22nd February 1876.

No. 178 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer has been allowed furlough to Europe:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Charles Dumbleton, of Cavalry, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Military Works, Bareilly Division, Public Works Department,—for one year: eight days on private affairs under Rules IX and XV, and the remaining period on medical certificate under Rule XIV, Clause 2 of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 179 *of* 1876.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) M. J. Brander, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, is allowed leave of absence for one month from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for furlough to Europe on medical certificate, under the Regulations of 1868.

No. 180 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

4th Sikh Infantry.

Lieutenant C. Dempster, 2nd Wing Subaltern, to officiate as 1st Wing Subaltern during the absence on furlough to Europe of Captain L. C. de L. Daniell, or until further orders.

2nd Punjab Infantry.

Lieutenant R. R. N. Sturt, 2nd Wing Subaltern, on probation, to officiate as 1st Wing Subaltern, on probation, during the period Captain C. F. Powell may officiate in the 5th Goorkha Regiment, or until further orders.

No. 181 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Captain Richard Tickell Montgomery Lang, of the General List, Cavalry,—Judicial Assistant, Mooltan, Punjab, for one year two months and one day, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 182 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Hospital Assistants passed their English qualification examination, according to the test laid down in

G. G. O. No. 945 of the 7th October 1868, on the dates specified :—

Names.	Date of rank.	Date of passing the examination in English according to the new test.
1st Class Hospital Assistant.		
Shaikh Coreem Bux ...	Dec. 17, 1853	Dec. 18, 1875
3rd Class Hospital Assistant.		
Shaikh Mohamed Abdoollah ...	Oct. 13, 1870	Dec. 1, 1875

No. 183 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Colonel H. T. Macpherson, C.B., V.C., of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, 2nd Goorkha (The Sirmoor Rifle) Regiment, to the Brigade Staff of the Army, temporarily, with the rank of Brigadier-General, during the absence on furlough to Europe on medical certificate of Brigadier-General T. F. Wilson, C.B., or until further orders.

No. 184 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on medical certificate :—

Captain Archibald Lewis Playfair, of the Bengal Staff Corps,—under the Regulations of 1854.

The 23rd February 1876.

No. 185 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer has been allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate :—

Major George Cadogan Thomson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 2nd Squadron Officer, 1st Bengal Cavalry,—for two years, under Rule XIV, Clause I, of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 186 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on urgent private affairs :—

Surgeon Alfred Henry Williams, M.B., of the Medical Department,—for six months, under Rule XI of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 187 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and appointment in the Department of the Military Secretariat of the Government of India :—

Colonel A. B. Johnson, 1st Assistant Secretary, to officiate as Deputy Secretary in the Military Department during the absence on furlough to Europe of Colonel B. E. Bacon, or until further orders.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Lees, 2nd Assistant Secretary, to officiate as 1st Assistant Secretary, *vice* Colonel Johnson.

Lieutenant E. H. H. Collen, 3rd Assistant Secretary, to officiate as 2nd Assistant Secretary, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Lees.

These promotions will have effect from the date of Colonel Bacon's departure on furlough.

Captain A. C. W. Crookshank, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant, 32nd (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry (Pioneers), to officiate as 3rd Assistant Secretary, *vice* Lieutenant Collen.

No. 188 *of* 1876.—The following promotion and alteration of rank are made in the list of Warrant Officers attached to different Departments :—

Serjeant Thomas Jameson, of the Office of Deputy Adjutant-General, Royal Artillery in India, to be Sub-Conductor, from the 7th December 1875, *vice* Sub-Conductor Gleeson, promoted.

Sub-Conductor James Rogers will rank from the 29th September 1875, *vice* Sub-Conductor C. Finch, deceased.

No. 189 *of* 1876.—The services of 2nd Class Apothecary H. I. Finnamore, of the Subordinate Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

No. 190 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on urgent private affairs :—

Major-General *The Hon'ble* A. E. Hardinge, C.B., Her Majesty's Service (Unattached), Commanding the Meerut Division,—for four months, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 952 of 1861.

The 24th February 1876.

No. 191 *of* 1876.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* of the 18th January 1876, page 198, is published for general information :—

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL,
18th January 1876.

Brevet.

* * * *

The under-mentioned Officers having completed the qualifying service to be Colonels :—

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George R. Westmacott, Bengal Staff Corps,—dated 25th July 1875.

* * * * *

The following promotions to take place consequent on the death, on 10th December 1875, of Lieutenant-General Sir Henry William Stisted, K.C.B., Colonel of the 93rd Foot :—

Major-General Henry Frederick Dunsford, C.B., Bengal Staff Corps, to be Lieutenant-General,—dated 11th December 1875.

* * * *

The under-mentioned promotions to take place in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces consequent on the death of General Alexander Dick, Bengal Infantry, on 25th November 1875 :—

Lieutenant-General Walter Nugent Thomas Smee, Bombay Infantry, to be General,—dated 26th November 1875.

Colonel William Vine, Madras Cavalry, to be Major-General in the East Indies,—dated 26th November 1875.

No. 192 *of* 1876.—Under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 21st December 1871, and in consequence of the death of General A. Dick, Bengal Infantry, on the 25th November 1875, the name of—

Major-General C. Birdwood, Bombay Infantry, is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Generals; that of—

Colonel H. D. Innes, Madras Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Major-Generals, and that of—

Major H. H. Godwin-Austen, Bengal Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Colonels on the Indian Gradation List.

No. 193 *of* 1876.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

BREVET.

RANK, NAME, AND CORPS.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to
Captain Augustus Frederick Curtis, Madras Cavalry.	Major ...	26th Nov. 1875	General A. Dick, Bengal Infantry, deceased.

No. 194 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs :—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Henry Arthur Dwyer, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Class, Shahpur District, Punjab,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon-Major William Henry Adley, of the Medical Department, in medical charge, 15th Bengal (Cureton's Mooltanee) Cavalry,—for eighteen months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) Thomas Oliver Wingate, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, Military Works, Agra Division, Public Works Department,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868, embarking on or after the 19th March 1876.

Lieutenant William Hill, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Quartermaster, 2nd Goorkha (The Sirmoor Rifle) Regiment,—for eighteen months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 195 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) B. E. Bacon, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 115 of 1876,—*Tibre*, 16th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) C. C. Johnson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 113 of 1876,—*Tibre*, 16th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. Chowne, of Infantry, G. G. O. No. 1221 of 1875,—*Pleiades*, 17th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Major G. N. Money, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 151 of 1876,—*Pleiades*, 17th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Major A. M. Brandreth, of the Royal Engineers, G. G. O. No. 1268 of 1875,—*Deccan*, 31st January 1876, from Bombay.

Captain H. Trotter, of the Royal Engineers, G. G. O. No. 1321 of 1875,—20th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Lieutenant C. C. C. Barlow, of the Royal Engineers, G. G. O. No. 70 of 1876,—*Batavia*, 1st February 1876, from Bombay.

No. 196 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer of the Staff Corps, having completed five years' service as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, is promoted to the rank of Colonel by Brevet, from the date specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant, dated 16th January 1861, clause 2, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenant-Colonel William Charles Robert Mylne, Bengal Staff Corps,—20th February 1876.

No. 197 *of* 1876.—The following promotion by Brevet is made from the date specified, under the operation of G. G. O. No. 632 of the 4th August 1864, paragraph 69, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Brevet to be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Jenkins, Bengal Cavalry,—20th February 1876.

No. 198 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 26 years' service, are promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Major Charles William Robert Chester.
Major (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) Francis Edward Archibald Chamier.
Major Charles William Fletcher ...
} 20th Feb. 1876.

No. 199 *of* 1876.—That part of G. G. O. No. 467 of 1875, permitting Martin Twoomy, late of the 39th Foot, an out-pensioner of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, to reside and draw his stipend in India, is cancelled, he having proceeded to Melbourne.

No. 200 *of* 1876.—Sub-Conductor William Kane, Army Commissariat Department, retires on the pension of his rank under G. G. O. No. 69 of 1868, payable in England.

No. 201 *of* 1876.—The following extract from list No. 2, dated the 28th January 1876, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

Permitted to return.

Sub-Conductor J. Corbett, Commissariat Department.
Captain C. O'Donel, S. C.
Captain J. E. W. Howey, Infantry.
Surgeon-Major W. Eddowes.
Lieutenant-Colonel G. G. Cunliffe, S. C.
Lieutenant E. H. Wilson, S. C.
Colonel J. A. Tytler, C.B., V.C., S. C.

Granted extensions of leave.

Captain H. A. Fletcher, Cavalry,—6 months, medical certificate.
Captain R. G. Birch, Cavalry,—6 months, medical certificate.

No. 202 *of* 1876.—Third Class Hospital Assistant Futteh Ally, admitted by G. G. O. No. 891 of 1868, is dismissed the service, with effect from the 11th October 1875, the date on which he absconded.

No. 203 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the accompanying letter from the Quarter Master General, No. 2109 of the 15th February 1876, reporting the result of the operations of the recent Camp of Exercise at Delhi.

It is with great satisfaction that the Governor General in Council has received this report testifying, as it does, to the good conduct and high efficiency of the troops assembled at Delhi; and it has been peculiarly gratifying to the Government of India, as well as to the Commander-in-Chief, that Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales should have had the opportunity of inspecting and witnessing the movements of so fine a body of Her Majesty's Army in India.

30. The civil authorities at Delhi have throughout cordially co-operated in all matters connected with the camp; the Commander-in-Chief feels much indebted to them, especially to Colonel Cracroft, the Commissioner and Superintendent, whose intimate acquaintance with the country and active assistance have tended materially to the general success of the Camp of Exercise.

31. His Excellency desires to acknowledge the valuable aid afforded to him by Colonel Thuillier, C. S. I., the Surveyor General of India, and also by Captain Waterhouse, in charge of the Photo-zincographic Branch of that Office, both these officers responded most willingly to the heavy demand for maps.

32. General hospitals were established in the fort for British, and at Hindoo Rao's house for Native troops, and the Commander-in-Chief gladly avails himself of this opportunity of recording his appreciation of the arrangements made for the comfort of the sick by the Administrative Medical Department in the several hospitals and camps.

33. The health of the troops has from the first been excellent, but as the previous season had been somewhat sickly, it was necessary to adopt very stringent sanitary precautions.

34. The Commander-in-Chief has the greatest pleasure in stating that the conduct of the troops has been admirable, there has been virtually a total absence of crime, and the relations between the camp and the civil population have been especially satisfactory. Much credit is due to the Provost Marshal Major P. FitzRoy, Her Majesty's 5th Fusiliers, for the judicious and effective manner in which his duties have been carried out.

35. It is due to the Police Department under Colonel Baillie to acknowledge the good arrangements by which theft has been almost unknown.

36. The Postal Service under Mr. LeBreton has been carried out most satisfactorily.

37. The Telegraph Department established a line connecting Army Head Quarters with the Telegraph Station at Delhi, while the several divisions were connected with each other and with the Head Quarters Camp by lines laid down by Lieutenant Bagot, R. E., under the direction of Colonel Maunsell, C. B. The employment of soldier-signallers has thoroughly answered.

In addition to the electric signalling, communication was from the first established between the several camps by means of flags and heliographs.

38. The Commissariat arrangements under Colonel A. D. Dickens, C. B., Deputy Commissary General, and Colonel G. R. Roberts, Principal Executive Commissariat Officer, have left nothing to be desired.

39. Conductor Burns, in charge of the Ordnance Department at Delhi, deserves credit for the manner in which his duties have been performed under difficulties regarding establishment.

40. The officers of the Madras and Bombay armies deputed to attend the camp were good enough to join the umpire staff, and to all of these officers the Commander-in-Chief is much indebted for the manner in which they performed their rather difficult duties.

41. In conclusion, Lord Napier of Magdāla would desire to record his opinion of the great advantages derived by officers and men from Camps of Exercise, similar to this which has now been brought to conclusion. His Excellency observes with satisfaction that a very remarkable advance has been made in the efficiency of the troops and manœuvres generally since the camp at Delhi in 1871-72.

42. It is not only that the superior officers and the rank and file learn lessons that they cannot often learn in cantonments, but every department has in some degree to exercise the functions that would devolve on it in real warfare.

The 25th February 1876.

No. 204 *of* 1876.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to approve the application to India of War Office Auxiliary and Reserve Forces Circular dated February 3rd, 1875, with the modification that, on the recommendation of Commanding Officers, His Excellency in Council will be prepared to consider the claims of Officers of the Volunteer Forces in India, retiring after 15 years' volunteer service, 10 of which have been as Commissioned Officers, and 3 in the rank they hold on retirement, to retain their rank and wear the uniform of the Corps on such retirement.

2. The Commanding Officer's recommendation will be accompanied by a certified statement in detail of the Officer's services.

3. This order is applicable to the three presidencies.

No. 205 *of* 1876.—Captain C. Cowie, of the Royal Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class, is allowed leave of absence for twenty days, from the 12th March 1876, to visit Bombay, preparatory to proceeding on furlough to Europe on private affairs, under the Regulations of 1868.

No. 206 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Major William George Cubitt, V.C., of the Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 16th (The Lucknow) Regiment of Native Infantry,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain Crombie Cowie, of the Royal Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain Edward George Wace, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Settlement Officer, 1st Grade, Jhelum and Jhang Settlement, Punjab,—for seven months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 25th February 1876.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the under-mentioned Commissioned Officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department from 12th to 25th February 1876 :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.
1st Battalion, 3rd Regiment ...	Lieut. T. F. C. Armstrong ...	23rd January 1876 ...	Penang.	
Bengal Staff Corps ...	Colonel Sir Edward Leeds, *Bart.* ...	16th February 1876 ...	Kalka.	
Ditto ...	Lieut.-Colonel C. F. Packe ...	17th ditto ...	Cawnpore.	

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 22nd February 1876.

No. 7.—Mr. Anthony Gwyn, Royal Navy (Retired List), is appointed Acting Commander, on probation, for six months, of the Indian Government River Gunboat "Irrawaddy," with effect from the 5th instant.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Fort William, the 19th February 1876.

No. 82.—Mr. G. R. Smith is appointed to the Public Works Department as an Accountant, 3rd Grade, on probation, and is posted to the Tirhoot State Railway.

The 21st February 1876.

No. 83.—The following Non-Commissioned Officers of Royal Engineers are appointed to the Public Works Department as Overseers, 1st Grade, and posted as follows :—

Corporal P. Ross, to British Burmah, Railway Branch.

Corporal W. Watson and 2nd Corporal J. Walker, to British Burmah, Provincial.

No. 84T.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the substitution of the following revised wording of para. 8, Rule 30, for the corresponding portion of the Rules for Foreign Messages, published in Notification No. 508 T. of the 7th December 1875, and in the *Gazette of India* of the 11th idem :—

"Signs of punctuation, hyphens, apostrophes, inverted commas, parentheses, fresh paragraphs, are not counted or signalled, but decimal points, commas, and bars of division *used with figures*, are each counted as a figure and signalled."

As also the substitution of the following for the 5th example given with Rule 30 :—

"Aixlachapelle (12* letters) . . . 2 words 'ch* counted as 1 letter."

The 22nd February 1876.

No. 85.—Mr. G. J. Sherman is appointed to the Public Works Department as a Store-keeper, 2nd Grade, on probation, with effect from 3rd February 1876, and posted to the Establishment under the Director of State Railways.

No. 86.—Mr. C. A. Stephenson is appointed an Assistant Traffic Superintendent, on probation, in Class IV of the State Railway Traffic Establishment, and placed on the Establishment under the Director of State Railways.

No. 87.—Mr. G. F. Lamb, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Branch, having passed the prescribed examination, is promoted to the rank of Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, with effect from 23rd December 1875.

The 23rd February 1876.

No. 88.—Mr. G. Law, temporary Overseer, 1st Grade, Central Provinces, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department.

No. 89.—Major F. S. Stanton, R. E., Superintending Engineer, 1st Grade, temporarily employed as Extra Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, Calcutta, is transferred to the Establishment under the Director of State Railways, and appointed Engineer-in-Chief of the Tirhoot State Railway, *vice* Campbell, proceeding on leave.

The 24th February 1876.

No. 90.—The services of Captain W. H. Browne, S.C., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, on the Establishment under the Director of State Railways, are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 91.—Babu Hera Lall, temporary Accountant, 4th Grade, Central Provinces, is brought on the permanent Establishment in the same grade, with effect from 1st April 1875.

No. 92.—Mr. E. Murray, temporary Overseer, 1st Grade, on the Establishment under the Director of State Railways, is appointed permanently to the Public Works Department, with effect from 1st August 1873.

The 25th February 1876.

No. 93.—Lieutenant J. Burn-Murdoch, R.E., is appointed to the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, and posted to the Establishment under the Director of State Railways.

No. 94.—The following Assistant Engineers attached to the Punjab Irrigation Branch are transferred to the North-Western Provinces Irrigation Branch:—

Mr. H. G. McKinney, 1st Grade.
„ A. C. Newcombe, B.A. } 2nd Grade.
„ T. W. Scott }

No. 95.—Mr. J. T. Hardy is appointed to the Public Works Department temporarily as a Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, and posted to British Burmah, Railway Branch.

C. H. DICKENS, *Colonel, R. A.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

№ 10.] CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1876. [Register No. 75.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 10.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort William, the 29th February 1876.

No. 8.

AN ORDINANCE

To empower the Government of Bengal to prohibit certain dramatic performances.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to prohibit dramatic performances which are scandalous, defamatory, seditious, obscene or otherwise prejudicial to the public interest; and whereas, pending the consideration and enactment by the Governor General in Council of a law conferring such power, it is expedient to confer the same by an Ordinance under section twenty-three of the Indian Councils Act:

Preamble.

In exercise of the power vested in him by the said section, His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. Whenever the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is of opinion that any play, pantomime, or other drama performed or about to be performed is—

Power to prohibit certain dramatic performances.

(*a*) of a scandalous or defamatory nature, or

(*b*) likely to excite feelings of disaffection to the Government established by law in British India, or

(*c*) likely to deprave and corrupt persons present at such performance, or

(*d*) otherwise prejudicial to the interests of the public,

the said Lieutenant-Governor, or such officer as he may generally or specially empower in this behalf, may by order prohibit such performance.

Power to serve order of prohibition.

2. A copy of any such order may be served on any person about to take part in the performance so prohibited, or on the owner or occupier of any house, room or place in which such performance is intended to take place; and any person on whom such copy is served and who does, or willingly permits, any act in disobedience to such order,

Penalty for disobeying order.

shall be punishable on conviction before a Magistrate with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine, or with both.

Power to notify order.

3. Any such order may be notified by proclamation, and a written or printed notice thereof may be stuck up at any place or places adapted for giving information of the order to the persons intending to take part in the performance so prohibited.

Penalty for disobeying prohibition.

4. Whoever, after the notification of any such order—

(*a*) takes part in the performance prohibited thereby, or in any performance substantially the same as the performance so prohibited, or

(*b*) in any manner assists in conducting any such performance, or

(*c*) is present as a spectator during the whole or any part of any such performance, or

(*d*) being the owner or occupier, or having the use of any house, room or place, opens, keeps or uses the same for any such performance, or permits the same to be opened, kept or used for any such performance,

shall be punishable on conviction before a Magistrate with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine, or with both.

Power to grant warrant to Police to enter and arrest and seize.

5. If any Magistrate has reason to believe that any house, room or place is used, or is about to be used, for any performance prohibited under this Ordinance, he may, by his warrant, authorize any officer of police to enter with such assistance as may be requisite, by night or by day, and by force, if necessary, any such house, room or place, and to take into custody all persons whom he finds therein, and to seize all scenery, dresses and other articles found therein and reasonably suspected to have been used, or to be intended to be used, for the purpose of such performance.

Saving of Penal Code, sections 124A and 294.

6. No conviction under this Ordinance shall bar a prosecution under section 124 A, or section 294, of the Indian Penal Code.

Definition of "Magistrate."

7. In this Ordinance, the term "Magistrate" includes a Magistrate of Police in Calcutta.

Local extent, commencement and duration of Ordinance.

8. This Ordinance extends only to the territories under the government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal: it shall come into force at once; and it shall remain in force till the thirty-first day of May 1876.

NORTHBROOK,
Viceroy and Governor General.

The 1st March 1876.

No. 9.—Whereas by Resolutions passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 19th day of September 1872 and 4th day of June 1874, respectively, the provisions of the thirty-third of Victoria, Chapter 3, Section 1, were declared applicable to the territories now under the administration of the Chief Commissioner of Assam;

And whereas the Chief Commissioner of Assam has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken such draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of such draft, and the same has received the Governor General's assent;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the *Gazette of India*:—

REGULATION No. I OF 1876.

A Regulation for the peace and government of the Gáro Hills District.

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal Regulation No. V of 1873 (*a Regulation for the peace and government of certain districts on the Eastern Frontier of Bengal*) in the Gáro Hills District, and to provide for the peace and government of the said district in the manner hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Short title.

1. This Regulation may be called "The Gáro Hills Regulation, 1876":

Local extent.

It extends only to the Gáro Hills District;

Commencement and continuance.

It shall come into operation on the 1st day of April 1876, and shall continue in force to the 31st day of March 1881, inclusive:

Provided that, before the expiration of the said period, the Chief Commissioner may, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, by notification in the *Assam Gazette*, extend its operation to a further period to be specified in the said notification.

Repeal of Regulation V of 1873.

2. On and from the day first mentioned, the said Regulation No. V of 1873, shall be repealed, but not so as to affect anything done, or any offence committed, or any fine or penalty incurred, or any proceedings commenced, prior to that day.

Power to the Chief Commissioner—

3. The Chief Commissioner may from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, by notification in the *Assam Gazette*,—

to prohibit certain acts;

(*a*) prohibit all or any persons not being Natives of the Gáro Hills District, from doing any of the following acts within the limits of the said district without a license, that is to say,—

cutting wood,
hunting animals,
trading in arms or ammunition,
collecting wax, ivory, India-rubber or other jungle products,
practising inoculation for the small-pox, and

to regulate the granting of licenses to do such acts.

(*b*) prescribe the conditions and restrictions subject to which, and the amount of the fees on payment of which, and the persons by whom licenses to do any of the said acts may be granted.

Penalties for offences against section 3.

4. Any person who does any act in contravention of a notification issued under section three of this Regulation,

and any holder of a license under the said section who does any act in contravention of a restriction or condition imposed by such license,

shall be punished for a first offence with a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and for each subsequent offence with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three months, or with a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, or with both;

and the Magistrate by whom he is convicted may further order that all animals or carcasses of animals, all arms and ammunition, and all wood, wax, ivory, India-rubber or other jungle product found in his possession, and all animals, ropes, nets, guns or other instruments used by him in the commission of such offence, shall be confiscated.

Acquisition of interests in land prohibited.

5. It shall not be lawful for any British subject or other person not being a Native of the Gáro Hills District, to acquire any interest in land or the product of land within the limits of the said district without the sanction of the Chief Commissioner, or of such officer as the Chief Commissioner may appoint in this behalf.

Any interest so acquired may be dealt with as the Chief Commissioner or the said officer may direct.

The Chief Commissioner may, from time to time by notification in the *Assam Gazette*, extend the prohibition contained in this section to any class of persons, Natives of the said district, and may from time to time in like manner cancel or vary such extension.

Elephant-hunting prohibited.

6. Whoever, without the written permission of an officer authorized by the Chief Commissioner to grant such permission, kills or captures, or attempts to kill or capture, or abets, within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, the killing or capturing of, a wild elephant in the said district, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such elephant, and any elephant so killed or captured shall be confiscated to Government:

Provided that no person who kills or attempts to kill, or abets the killing of an elephant in protection of himself, his houses or his crops, shall be liable to punishment under this section; and provided also that every person who in the like case captures or attempts to capture or abets the capture of an elephant, shall not be liable to fine under this section, but shall, if the elephant be captured, be bound to surrender it to Government, or to pay such royalty thereon as the Chief Commissioner may from time to time direct.

Power to make rules regarding elephant-hunting.

7. The Chief Commissioner may from time to time make rules for the issue of licenses to kill or capture elephants, and for all purposes connected with the capture of elephants.

Limitation in prosecutions under this Regulation.

8. The prosecution for every offence punishable under section six of this Regulation shall be commenced within six calendar months after the offence is committed.

Realization of fines and imprisonment in default of payment.

9. The provisions of sections sixty-four to seventy, both inclusive, of the Indian Penal Code shall apply to all fines imposed under the authority of this Regulation.

Jurisdiction.

10. The jurisdiction in respect of offences against this Regulation shall be exercised by such officers, and subject to such conditions, as the Chief Commissioner may from time to time, by notification in the *Assam Gazette*, direct.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Fort William, the 29th February 1876.

No. 108.—The Honourable J. B. Phear, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 19th April next or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 1st March 1876.

No. 110.—The services of Mr. H. B. Lawford of the Bengal Civil Service are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 12th October last.

The 2nd March 1876.

No. 113.—APPOINTMENT.—Captain W. E. Forbes, Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Grade in Oudh, to be Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Grade, *vice* Mr. T. H. Kavanagh, V. C., retired.

MEDICAL.

The 29th February 1876.

No. 126.—APPOINTMENT.—Surgeon R. Harvey, M. B., in medical charge of the 1st Regiment of Central India Horse, to be Joint Medical Officer in charge of Simla, *vice* Surgeon-Major P. W. Sutherland.

The 1st March 1876.

No. 132.—APPOINTMENT.—Surgeon J. Lloyd, M. D. to officiate as Civil Surgeon of Unao in Oudh during the absence on furlough of Surgeon Major C. Cameron, or until further orders.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 137.—Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Muhammad Wazir Ali Khan is dismissed from the service of Government.

SANITARY.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 43.—Dr. J. L. Bryden has obtained subsidiary leave of absence from the 4th to the 11th October inclusive. This cancels Home Department Notification No. 367, dated 11th October 1875.

JUDICIAL.

The 1st March 1876.

No. 323.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 10 of Act VI of 1871 and Section 1 of Act VIII of 1874, the Governor General in Council is pleased to invest Mr. G. H. Damant, C. S., Officiating Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Grade in Assam, with the powers of a Subordinate Judge in the District of Cachar, to be exercised during the absence of Mr. O. G. R. McWilliam, Deputy Commissioner of that District.

PORT BLAIR.

The 29th February 1876.

No. 50.—APPOINTMENT.—Surgeon Major J. Dougall, M. D., of the Madras Medical Service, to be Senior Medical Officer of Port Blair, *vice* Dr. W. H. Rean, resigned.

Surgeon Major Dougall joined his appointment on the afternoon of the 31st ultimo.

PATENTS.

The 28th February 1876.

No. 101.—Specifications of the under-mentioned Inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act XV of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department. Copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay and the North-Western Provinces. A copy of every Specification is open, at all reasonable hours, at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, to public inspection, upon payment of a fee of one rupee. A certified copy of any Specification will be given to any person requiring the same, on payment of the expense of copying:—

No. 73 of 1875.—Mr. E. L. Cantwell, Civil Engineer, of Howrah in the Suburbs of Calcutta, for the better manipulation and oxidation of the fecula obtained from the indigo plant.

No. 87 of 1875.—Mr. Thomas C. Marshall, of Indus Valley State Railway, for an apparatus for pounding bricks into powder commonly known as *soorkee*, pounding coal into dust for fuel, making stone into sand, and all other substances of like hardness necessary to be reduced into fine particles, especially adapted to those places where labour is scarce and expensive, and where machinery is difficult to obtain, repair or convey.

ARTHUR HOWELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.—FORESTS.

Fort William, the 26th February 1876.

No. 171.—Captain W. Douglas, Deputy Conservator of Forests of the 1st Grade, having returned from leave, is transferred from British Burma to the Punjab.

Captain W. Douglas, Deputy Conservator of Forests of the 1st Grade, having joined his ap-

pointment in the Punjab on the 8th instant, the following Officers officiating in higher grades reverted to their substantive appointments from that date:—

Major H. C. T. Jarrett to his appointment of Deputy Conservator of Forests of the 2nd Grade in Mysore.

Mr. E. Sparling to his appointment of Assistant Conservator of Forests of the 1st Grade in the Punjab.

Mr. C. F. Elliott to his appointment of Assistant Conservator of Forests of the 2nd Grade in the Punjab.

The 1st March 1876.

No. 175.—Major W. J. Seaton, Conservator of Forests of the 4th Class in British Burma, and Mr. W. Schlich, Ph. D., Conservator of Forests of the 4th Class in Bengal, are promoted to be Conservators of Forests of the 3rd Class, with effect from this date.

STATISTICS.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 142.—Mr. J. E. O'Connor, Assistant Secretary in the Statistical Branch of the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from the 6th March 1876.

SURVEYS.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 214.—Consequent on the resignation of his appointment by Lieutenant J. E. Coghlan, R.N., Deputy Superintendent of the 2nd Grade, in the Marine Survey Department, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions with effect from the 1st December 1875:—

Navigating Lieutenant F. W. Jarrad, R.N., Assistant Superintendent, 1st Grade, to be Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Grade.

Navigating Sub-Lieutenant C. George, R.N., Assistant Superintendent, 2nd Grade, to be Assistant Superintendent, 1st Grade.

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—POLITICAL.

Fort William, the 3rd March 1876.

No. 608*P.*—The Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confer upon the under-mentioned gentlemen, the title of "Khan Bahadoor," as a personal distinction:—

Mohummed Moonawur, Ghoolam Mohummed Ghouse, Abdool Ali, } Grandsons of the late Prince Azim Jah Bahadoor of Arcot.

and

Haji Zahur-ul-Din Ahmed. } Son-in-law of Nawab Ghausia Begum.

GENERAL.

The 29th February 1876.

No. 473*G.*—APPOINTMENT.—Lieutenant D. Robertson to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate of Nusseerabad with effect from the date of receiving charge, *vice* Major Shuttleworth on furlough, or until further orders.

The 2nd March 1876.

No. 484*G.*—Mr. G. Lucas held charge of the duties of Second Assistant Resident, Persian Gulf, in addition to his other duties, while Lieutenant Fraser performed the duties of First Assistant Resident during the absence of Mr. Edwards on privilege leave, that is from the 8th July to 17th September 1875, both dates inclusive.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 501*G.*—LEAVE.—Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. Ross, Resident, 2nd Class, and Political Resident, Persian Gulf, is granted subsidiary leave for 30 days from date of departure, preparatory to furlough.

T. H. THORNTON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ACCOUNTS.

Fort William, the 3rd March 1876.

No. 1292.—Furlough for twenty months, under Section 10(*a*) of the Civil Leave Code, with the usual subsidiary leave, is granted to Mr. E. Gay, M.A., Deputy Comptroller General.

MINT AND CURRENCY.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 1324.—*Statement of the amount of Government Currency Notes in circulation, of the amount of Coin and Bullion Reserve, and Government Securities held by the Department of Issue of Paper Currency.*

DATE.	Circles of Issue.	Currency Notes in circulation.	Silver Coin Reserve.	Silver Bullion Reserve.	Gold Bullion Reserve.	Reserve in Government Securities.	Total Reserve.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
29th February 1876 ...	Calcutta ...	4,95,87,810	1,01,74,400	15,73,488	72,495	2,58,74,402	3,76,94,785
Ditto	Madras ...	1,15,33,155	59,57,122	425	...	59,28,463	1,18,86,010
Ditto	Bombay ...	2,91,47,200	1,32,78,903	16,48,973	...	1,55,85,209	3,05,13,085
Ditto	Allahabad ...	70,92,060	1,02,29,184	...	...	30,03,291	1,32,32,475
Ditto	Lahore ...	55,30,295	64,11,663	...	...	32,00,037	96,11,700
Ditto	Calicut ...	26,00,685	15,64,961	...	...	7,00,059	22,65,020
Ditto	Coconada ...	29,67,990	26,21,021	...	...	4,00,059	30,21,080
Ditto	Nagpore ...	14,11,920	8,01,663	...	...	7,47,902	15,49,565
Ditto	Kurrachee ...	17,63,905	5,51,769	...	...	12,00,106	17,51,875
Ditto	Akola ...	11,80,075	9,89,500	...	...	3,00,000	12,89,500
	TOTAL ...	11,28,15,095	5,25,80,186	32,22,886	72,495	5,69,39,528	11,28,15,095

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

The 4th March 1876.

No. 1248.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following note be inserted as an Exception under clause (*b*) of Section 98 of the Civil Pension Code:—

Exception.—Members of the Police forces, employed by small municipalities in Sindh, and by village communities in the district of Hyderabad in Sindh, are not entitled to pensions and gratuities.

SEPARATE REVENUE.—OPIUM.

The 4th March 1876.

No. 1325.—*Opium Revenue to date, compared with the Estimate for the year* 1875-76.

	Latest Month.			Twelve Sales of Bengal Opium and Eleven Months' Duty on Malwa Opium.			
	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bengal	441,846	513,250	71,404	5,129,702	5,732,432	602,730	...
Bombay	196,968	285,480	88,512	2,498,374	2,263,500	...	234,874
TOTAL ...	638,814	798,730	159,916	7,628,076	7,995,932	367,856	...

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 28th February 1876.

No. 207 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Surgeon-Major Charles Hatchell, of the Medical Department,—for nine months, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 208 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Edward Moody Ryan, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commissioner, Arracan Division, British Burmah,—for two years, under Rule XIV, Clause 1, of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 209 *of* 1876.—The following promotions are made in the under-mentioned Corps of the Native Army, from the 9th December 1875:—

18th (The Alipore) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Jemadar Goormuk Singh, to be Subadar, *vice* Gujadhur Tewaree, deceased.

Color Havildar Aluff Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Goormuk Singh, promoted.

The 29th February 1876.

No. 210 *of* 1876.—The services of Surgeon-Major R. S. Bateson, of the Medical Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 22nd November 1875.

No. 211 *of* 1876.—The furlough to Europe on medical certificate granted to Surgeon C. W. S. Deakin, M.B., of the Medical Department, in G. G. O. No. 171 of the 18th February 1876, will be held to have effect up to the 15th November 1876.

No. 212 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned passed medical pupils are promoted to the grade of 3rd Class Hospital Assistant, from the dates specified:—

Names.	Date of appointment to a permanent post.	Date of passing the examination in English according to the new test.
Abdool Rasheed ...	Jan. 26, 1876	
Abdool Rohman ...	Feb. 3, 1876	April 1, 1872
Shaik Raheem Buksh ...	Feb. 3, 1876	June 1, 1871
Shekh Nizamooddeen ...	Feb. 14, 1876	

No. 213 *of* 1876.—Native medical pupil Pati Ram, No. 924, passed the prescribed English qualification examination on the 15th December 1875, according to the test in G. G. O. No. 945 of the 7th October 1868.

No. 214 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Hospital Assistants passed their English qualification examination according to the test laid down in G. G. O. No. 945 of the 7th October 1868, on the dates specified:—

Names.	Date of rank.	Date of passing the examination in English according to the new test.
2nd Class Hospital Assistant.		
Hurry Persaud ...	Aug. 9, 1868	Dec. 16, 1875
3rd Class Hospital Assistants.		
Karamutoollah Khan ...	Oct. 13, 1871	Dec. 21, 1875
Subhan Ally ...	April 29, 1873	Dec. 17, 1875

The 1st March 1876.

No. 215 *of* 1876.—In G. G. O. No. 154 of 1869, the offices of Military Pay and Accounts in the three Presidencies were formed into one Department in direct subordination to the Government of India—the Departmental officers being placed on one roster for promotion, and for employment wherever they might be required in the interests of the public service.

2. His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council has now resolved to reorganize the Department in grades, and to make the staff salary personal, so that each officer will receive the salary of his grade wherever and however he may be employed.

3. As a general rule, promotions will be made with due regard to seniority, and the Department will ordinarily be recruited by young officers in the grade of Assistant Military Accountants. But the Government of India reserves to itself the discretion, which it has always exercised, of making promotions on public grounds irrespective of seniority, and (when desirable) of admitting officers into the Department otherwise than in the lowest grade.

4. The Department of Military Accounts will accordingly be graded as follows, with effect from the 1st April 1876, but without injuriously affecting the substantive allowances of present incumbents:—

No. of each Grade and Class.	Salary. Rs.	
1 Senior Controller of Military Accounts	2,500	Consolidated salary.
1 Controller of Military Accounts ...	2,250	Consolidated salary.
1 Ditto ditto ...	2,250	Consolidated salary.
3 Military Accountants, 1st Class, 1st Grade, each	1,000	Staff salary.
5 Military Accountants, 1st Class, 2nd Grade	800	Ditto.
5 Military Accountants, 2nd Class, 1st Grade	600	Ditto.
5 Military Accountants, 2nd Class, 2nd Grade	500	Ditto.
4 Military Accountants, 3rd Class...	300	Ditto.
6 Assistant Military Accountants on Rs. 100 a month, and after passing the final examination Rs. 150, and when at a Presidency town Rs. 200 a month.		

5. The sixth grade of Assistant Military Accountant being regarded as a reserve, no appointment will be made to it, in the place of officers who may be officiating in the higher grades.

6. The offices of payment, examination, and account in the Department of Military Accounts will, from time to time, be classified in a separate schedule. Whilst departmental promotion may carry with it higher grade pay without necessarily involving any change of duties, the more important posts will, as a rule, be held by officers in the higher classes.

7. The roster of officers, according to the organization now sanctioned, will be as follows:—

CONTROLLERS.

Colonel T. Gillilan, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. T. Chitty, Bombay Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel T. B. Harrison, Bengal Staff Corps.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

1st Class 1st Grade.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Rideout, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel J. G. Touch, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Graham, Bombay Staff Corps.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

1st Class, 2nd Grade.

Major D. B. Young, Bombay Staff Corps.
Colonel C. S. Elliot, Madras Staff Corps.
Colonel A. E. Osborn, Bengal Staff Corps.
Colonel H. A. Cockburn, Bengal Infantry.
Major T. H. Turner, Bombay Staff Corps.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

2nd Class. 1st Grade.

Colonel W. C. Clarke, Madras Staff Corps.
Colonel E. T. Fasken, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel G. J. D. Hay, Bengal Staff Corps.
Major M. C. Perreau, Bengal Staff Corps.
Colonel C. L. Brown, Bengal Staff Corps, (on furlough).

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

2nd Class, 2nd Grade.

Colonel G. E. Ashburner, Bombay Infantry.
Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Martin, Bengal Staff Corps.
Major H. G. Pritchard, Madras Staff Corps. (on furlough).
Captain C. A. E. S. Carter, General List, Bengal Infantry.
Captain C. G. Cautley, General List, Bengal Cavalry.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

3rd Class.

Captain H. H. P. Cowper, General List, Bengal Cavalry.
Captain C. J. Durand, Bengal Staff Corps.
Major W. S. Hunt, Madras Staff Corps.
Major H. G. Saunders, Bengal Staff Corps.

ASSISTANT MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

Captain C. F. Thomas, General List Bengal Infantry.
Lieutenant E. J. G. Lewis, Bengal Staff Corps.
Captain M. A. Rowlandson, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant G. W. Sawyer, Bombay Staff Corps. } On probation.
Lieutenant F. F. R. Burgess, Bengal Staff Corps. } On probation.

* * * * * * *

No. 216 *of* 1876.—The services of Lieutenant F. T. Maxwell, of the Royal Engineers, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

No. 217 *of* 1876.—The services of Surgeon-Major H. W. Bellew, C.S.I., of the Medical Department, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 218 *of* 1876.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. R. Mylne, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, having returned from furlough to Europe, will officiate as Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, with effect from the 10th December 1875, and until further orders; junior Officers acting in higher grades reverting to their proper places in the Department.

No. 219 *of* 1876.—Honorary Surgeon W. G. Clark, M.D., of the East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is allowed leave of absence for one year to proceed to England, with effect from the 1st March 1876.

No. 220 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Brigadier General W. Payn, C.B., Commanding the Rohilcund District, to the Divisional Staff of the Army, temporarily, during the absence on furlough to Europe of Major General *The Hon'ble* A. E. Hardinge, C.B., or until further orders.

Colonel J. E. Michell, C.B., of the Royal Artillery, to the Brigade Staff of the Army, temporarily, with the rank of Brigadier General, during the period Brigadier General W. Payn, C.B., may be employed on the Divisional Staff of the Army, or until further orders.

No. 221 *of* 1876.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 808 of 1873, it is hereby notified that the provisions of the order are not applicable to Officers of Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers temporarily employed by local Governments, or Administrations, or Departments, whose appointments would lapse on proceeding on furlough: such applications will continue to be sent to the Adjutant General's Office.

No. 222 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Deputy Surgeon-General John Campbell Bow, M.D., of the Medical Department,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon-Major Alexander Christison, M.D., of the Medical Department,—for twenty months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 223 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Warrant Officer has been allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate:—

Sub-Conductor James Townsend, of the Army Commissariat Department,—for two years, under the Regulations of 1868, with effect from the 23rd February 1876, the date of his departure from Bombay per *Euphrates*.

No. 224 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment, subject to the Officer passing an examination in drill:—

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Mr. John Lawrence, to be Sub-Lieutenant, to complete the establishment.

No. 225 *of* 1876.—The appointment of Surgeon-Major J. Kellie, M.D., of the British Medical Service, to the Medical superintendence of the Gwalior Circle, notified in G. G. O. No. 137 of the 10th February 1876, will be held to have effect from the 14th February 1876, the date on which he assumed charge of the duties of the appointment.

No. 226 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Outpensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea having been permitted to reside and draw their stipends in India, payment of pension is to be made and charged accordingly:—

Corporal Robert Teeling, late of the 85th Foot,—rate of pension per diem, 1*s.* 6*d.* (one shilling and six pence), from the date he ceases to receive regimental pay or allowance.

Patrick Getens, late of the 107th Foot,—rate of pension per diem, 9*d.* (nine pence), from the date he ceases to receive regimental pay or allowance.

No. 227 *of* 1876.—The following Regimental Order issued to the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps is confirmed:—

Dated the 11th December 1875.—Permitting Major Henry John Lawrell (late Captain, 97th Foot) to resign his appointment in the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, at his own request.

No. 228 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Bengal Staff Corps having completed twelve years' service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, are admitted to the Colonel's allowance, with effect from the date specified, under the operation of G. G. O. No. 808 of 1866, paragraph 61, clause 5:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) John Robert McMullin.
Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Sir Richard John Meade, K.C.S.I.
Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) George Holroyd.
} 1st March 1876.

The 2nd March 1876.

No. 229 *of* 1876.—The following promotion by Brevet is made from the date specified, under the operation of G. G. O. No. 632 of the 4th August 1864, paragraph 69, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

BREVET.—*To be Colonel.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Nedham, Bengal Staff Corps,—28th February 1876.

No. 230 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Staff Corps having completed five years' service as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, are promoted to the rank of Colonel by Brevet, from the date specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant, dated 16th January 1861, Clause 2, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Charles Zachary Claridge, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel John Wood Rideout, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel William Rose, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Bertie Clay, Bengal Staff Corps.
} 2nd March 1876.

No. 231 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Surgeon-Major John Wilson Johnston, M.D., of the Medical Department, in medical charge, 4th Punjab Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

MEMO.

To be substituted for pages 125 *and* 126 *of the Gazette of India, Part I, for Saturday, March* 4, 1876.

The 1st March 1876.

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Colonel C. S. Elliot, Madras Staff Corps.
Colonel A. E. Osborn, Bengal Staff Corps.
Colonel H. A. Cockburn, Bengal Infantry.
Major T. H. Turner, Bombay Staff Corps.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

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Colonel E. T. Fasken, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel G. J. D. Hay, Bengal Staff Corps.
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Colonel C. L. Brown, Bengal Staff Corps, (on furlough).

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Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Martin, Bengal Staff Corps.
Captain H. G. Pritchard, Madras Staff Corps (on furlough).
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Captain C. G. Cautley, General List, Bengal Cavalry.

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Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) John Robert McMullin.
Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Sir Richard John Meade, K.C.S.I.
Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) George Holroyd. } 1st March 1876.

The 2nd March 1876.

No. 229 *of* 1876.—The following promotion by Brevet is made from the date specified, under the operation of G. G. O. No. 632 of the 4th August 1864, paragraph 69, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

BREVET.—*To be Colonel.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Nedham, Bengal Staff Corps,—28th February 1876.

No. 230 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Staff Corps having completed five years' service as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, are promoted to the rank of Colonel by Brevet, from the date specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant, dated 16th January 1861, Clause 2, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Charles Zachary Claridge, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel John Wood Rideout, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel William Rose, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Bertie Clay, Bengal Staff Corps. } 2nd March 1876.

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CONTROLLERS.

Colonel T. Gillilan, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. T. Chitty, Bombay Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel T. B. Harrison, Bengal Staff Corps.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

1st Class 1st Grade.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Rideout, Madras Staff Corps.
Colonel J. G. Touch, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Graham, Bombay Staff Corps.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

1st Class, 2nd Grade.

Major D. B. Young, Bombay Staff Corps.
Colonel C. S. Elliot, Madras Staff Corps.
Colonel A. E. Osborn, Bengal Staff Corps.
Colonel H. A. Cockburn, Bengal Infantry.
Major T. H. Turner, Bombay Staff Corps.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

2nd Class. 1st Grade.

Colonel W. C. Clarke, Madras Staff Corps.
Colonel E. T. Fasken, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant-Colonel G. J. D. Hay, Bengal Staff Corps.
Major M. C. Perreau, Bengal Staff Corps.
Colonel C. L. Brown, Bengal Staff Corps, (on furlough).

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

2nd Class, 2nd Grade.

Colonel G. E. Ashburner, Bombay Infantry.
Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Martin, Bengal Staff Corps.
Captain H. G. Pritchard, Madras Staff Corps (on furlough).
Captain C. A. E. S. Carter, late 20th Native Infantry.
Captain C. G. Cautley, General List, Bengal Cavalry.

MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

3rd Class.

Captain H. H. P. Cowper, General List, Bengal Cavalry.
Captain C. J. Durand, Bengal Staff Corps.
Major W. S. Hunt, Madras Staff Corps.
Major H. G. Saunders, Bengal Staff Corps.

ASSISTANT MILITARY ACCOUNTANTS.

Captain C. F. Thomas, General List Bengal Infantry.
Lieutenant E. J. G. Lewis, Bengal Staff Corps.
Captain M. A. Rowlandson, Madras Staff Corps.
Lieutenant G. W. Sawyer, Bombay Staff Corps.
Lieutenant F. F. R. Burgess, Bengal Staff Corps.
} On probation.

* * * * * * *

No. 216 *of* 1876.—The services of Lieutenant F. T. Maxwell, of the Royal Engineers, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

No. 217 *of* 1876.—The services of Surgeon-Major H. W. Bellew, C.S.I., of the Medical Department, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 218 *of* 1876.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. R. Mylne, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, having returned from furlough to Europe, will officiate as Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, with effect from the 10th December 1875, and until further orders; junior Officers acting in higher grades reverting to their proper places in the Department.

*

No. 219 *of* 1876.—Honorary Surgeon W. G. Clark, M.D., of the East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is allowed leave of absence for one year to proceed to England, with effect from the 1st March 1876.

No. 220 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Brigadier General W. Payn, C.B., Commanding the Rohilcund District, to the Divisional Staff of the Army, temporarily, during the absence on furlough to Europe of Major General *The Hon'ble* A. E. Hardinge, C.B., or until further orders.

Colonel J. E. Michell, C.B., of the Royal Artillery, to the Brigade Staff of the Army, temporarily, with the rank of Brigadier General, during the period Brigadier General W. Payn, C.B., may be employed on the Divisional Staff of the Army, or until further orders.

No. 221 *of* 1876.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 808 of 1873, it is hereby notified that the provisions of the order are not applicable to Officers of Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers temporarily employed by local Governments, or Administrations, or Departments, whose appointments would lapse on proceeding on furlough: such applications will continue to be sent to the Adjutant General's Office.

No. 222 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Deputy Surgeon-General John Campbell Bow, M.D., of the Medical Department,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon-Major Alexander Christison, M.D., of the Medical Department,—for twenty months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 223 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Warrant Officer has been allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate:—

Sub-Conductor James Townsend, of the Army Commissariat Department,—for two years, under the Regulations of 1868, with effect from the 23rd February 1876, the date of his departure from Bombay per *Euphrates*.

No. 224 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment, subject to the Officer passing an examination in drill:—

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Mr. John Lawrence, to be Sub-Lieutenant, to complete the establishment.

No. 225 *of* 1876.—The appointment of Surgeon-Major J. Kellie, M.D., of the British Medical Service, to the Medical superintendence of the Gwalior Circle, notified in G. G. O. No. 137 of the 10th February 1876, will be held to have effect from the 14th February 1876, the date on which he assumed charge of the duties of the appointment.

No. 226 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Out-pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea having been permitted to reside and draw their stipends in India, payment of pension is to be made and charged accordingly:—

Corporal Robert Teeling, late of the 85th Foot,—rate of pension per diem, 1*s.* 6*d.* (one shilling and six pence), from the date he ceases to receive regimental pay or allowance.

Patrick Getens, late of the 107th Foot,—rate of pension per diem, 9*d.* (nine pence), from the date he ceases to receive regimental pay or allowance.

No. 227 *of* 1876.—The following Regimental Order issued to the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps is confirmed:—

Dated the 11th December 1875.—Permitting Major Henry John Lawrell (late Captain, 97th Foot) to resign his appointment in the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, at his own request.

No. 228 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Bengal Staff Corps having completed twelve years' service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, are admitted to the Colonel's allowance, with effect from the date specified, under the operation of G. G. O. No. 808 of 1866, paragraph 61, clause 5:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) John Robert McMullin. Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Sir Richard John Meade, K.C.S.I. Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) George Holroyd.	1st March 1876.

The 2nd March 1876.

No. 229 *of* 1876.—The following promotion by Brevet is made from the date specified, under the operation of G. G. O. No. 632 of the 4th August 1864, paragraph 69, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

BREVET.—*To be Colonel.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Nedham, Bengal Staff Corps,—28th February 1876.

No. 230 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Staff Corps having completed five years' service as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, are promoted to the rank of Colonel by Brevet, from the date specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant, dated 16th January 1861, Clause 2, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Charles Zachary Claridge, Madras Staff Corps. Lieutenant-Colonel John Wood Rideout, Madras Staff Corps. Lieutenant-Colonel William Rose, Madras Staff Corps. Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Bertie Clay, Bengal Staff Corps.	2nd March 1876.

No. 231 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Surgeon-Major John Wilson Johnston, M.D., of the Medical Department, in medical charge, 4th Punjab Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain Francis Edwin Wiggens, of the General List Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, 4th Grade, Agra, North-Western Provinces,—for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 232 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 26 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Major William Winson, 3rd March 1876.

No. 233 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following temporary appointment in the Medical Department:—

Surgeon-Major F. F. Allen, C.B., of the Medical Department, in medical charge, 2nd Goorkha (The Sirmoor Rifle) Regiment, to be a Deputy Surgeon-General, with temporary rank, during the absence on furlough to Europe of Deputy Surgeon-General J. C. Bow, M.D., or until further orders.

No. 234 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers have reported their return from England:—

Major J. Gillespie, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 2nd in Command and Squadron Officer, 4th Punjab Cavalry, Punjab Frontier Force,—date of arrival at Bombay, 31st December 1875 (date of departure on furlough, 30th December 1872).

Major A. E. Campbell, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 3rd Grade, Deputy Commissioner, Sibságar, Assam,—date of arrival at Fort William, 20th February 1876.

Captain J. Charles, of the Royal Artillery, Commandant, Peshawur Mountain Battery, Punjab Frontier Force,—date of arrival at Bombay, 17th February 1876.

Surgeon G. Griffith, of the Medical Department, in medical charge 31st (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry,—date of arrival at Fort William, 22nd February 1876.

No. 235 *of* 1876.—Major J. Gillespie, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 2nd in Command and Squadron Officer, 4th Punjab Cavalry, Punjab Frontier Force, is allowed an extension of leave to the 31st December 1875, the date on which he reported his return to India from the furlough to Europe granted to him in G. G. O. No. 47 of 1873.

No. 236 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Armstrong, of the Bengal Staff Corps, to officiate as Superintendent and Agent for Army Clothing during the absence on furlough to Europe of Colonel J. K. Couper, or until further orders.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 3rd March 1876.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates from 19th February to 3rd March 1876.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. A. P.		
Indian Military Service.							
Geo. Nicholson Saunders (*a*).	Major ...	Bengal Staff Corps.	Nov. 11, 1875	Testate ..	1,625 1 6	...	...
British Military Service.							
John MacBryan (*b*) ...	Captain ...	15th Hussars	Jan. 16, 1875	No Will found.	83 10 0	...	...

(*a*) Widow—Mrs. Frances Rachel Saunders. Children—Annie Isabella, Frances Mary, George Frederick Cullen. Administrator-General administering.

(*b*) Children—Henry Crawford MacBryan, Student Queen's College, Galway; Fanny MacBryan.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Fort William, the 28th February 1876.

No. 96.—Mr. T. Sunderland is appointed an Accountant, 4th Grade, on probation, and posted to British Burmah.

No. 97.—Baboo Debendro Chunder Bose, Accountant, 4th Grade, Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway, is transferred to the Northern Bengal State Railway.

The 29th February 1876.

No. 98.—Lalla Ram Ditt, Accountant, 4th Grade, on probation, Punjab Northern State Railway, is confirmed in his appointment.

The 2nd March 1876.

No. 100.—Mr. F. Moore, Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Oudh, is granted three months' privilege leave, with effect from such date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 103.—In supersession of Public Works Department Notification No. 15 of 13th January 1876, Mr. J. Douglas, Assistant Examiner, 3rd Grade, Rajpootana State Railway, was granted privilege leave from 3rd to 11th January 1876, both days inclusive.

No. 104.—Colonel F. Alexander, S. C., Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, Hyderabad, having returned from furlough, reverts to his temporary rank of Superintending Engineer, 2nd Grade, with effect from the 7th February 1876.

Consequent on the above, the following Officers will also revert from that date:—

Major W. Chrystie, R.E., temporary Superintending Engineer, 2nd Grade, Mysore, to his substantive rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade.

Major G. Swetenham, R.E., temporary Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, Hyderabad, to his substantive rank of Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

TELEGRAPH.

The 3rd March 1876.

No. 101.—Mr. A. J. L. Cappel, Officiating Deputy Director General, is appointed to officiate as Director General of Telegraphs in India as a temporary arrangement, with effect from the afternoon of the 1st March 1876, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Murray, going on furlough.

C. H. DICKENS, *Colonel, R. A.,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

№ 11.] CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1876. [Register No. 75.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Fort William, the 4th March 1876.

No. 121.—With the approval of the Governor General in Council, the Honorable the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal has appointed Mr. J. C. Geddes, C. S., for a period not exceeding three months, to revise the forms and accounts submitted to the High Court and to codify the rules and circulars issued by the High Court.

Mr. Geddes assumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 16th ultimo.

The 7th March 1876.

No. 125.—The Hon'ble W. Markby, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, reported his return on the afternoon of the 18th ultimo from the leave granted him in Home Department Notification No. 636, dated the 16th July last.

The 8th March 1876.

No. 131.—The under-mentioned Officer has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of leave as below:—

Name.	Service.	Appointment.	Period and nature of extension.
Mr. H. G. Cooke ...	Covenanted Civil Service.	Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Bengal.	6 Months—Medical Certificate.

The 10th March 1876.

No. 134.—APPOINTMENT.—Mr. P. T. Carnegy, Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Grade in Assam, to be Deputy Commissioner of the 4th Grade, *vice* Captain J. Butler, deceased.

No. 137.—APPOINTMENT.—Lieutenant F. D. Raikes, Assistant Commissioner of the 4th Grade in British Burma, to officiate as Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Grade, with effect from the 25th January last, during the absence on furlough of Lieutenant C. A. Cresswell, or until further orders.

No. 139.—APPOINTMENTS.—Mr. B. H. Davidson, District Superintendent of Police of the 4th Grade and Officiating District Superintendent of the 3rd Grade in British Burma, to officiate as District Superintendent of Police of the 2nd Grade, with effect from the 16th December last and to be District Superintendent of Police of the 3rd Grade with effect from the 10th January last and to continue to officiate as District Superintendent of the 2nd Grade.

Mr. T. W. Wood, District Superintendent of the 5th Grade and Officiating District Superintendent of the 4th Grade, to officiate as District Superintendent of the 3rd Grade, with effect from the 16th December last and to be District Superintendent of the 4th Grade, *vice* Mr. Davidson, and to continue to officiate as District Superintendent of the 3rd Grade.

Mr. W. J. Porter, Assistant District Superintendent, to be District Superintendent of the 5th Grade, *vice* Mr. Wood.

Mr. J. K. Hume, to be Assistant District Superintendent, *vice* Mr. Porter.

Mr. M. Macleod, District Superintendent of the 5th Grade to officiate as District Superintendent of the 4th Grade with effect from the 16th December last, *vice* Mr. Wood.

Mr. R. C. Stevenson, Assistant District Superintendent, to officiate as District Superintendent of the 5th Grade, *vice* Mr. Macleod.

Mr. J. Dixon, Inspector of Police, to officiate as Assistant District Superintendent, *vice* Mr. Stevenson.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 10th March 1876.

No. 70.—The services of the Reverend W. D. Cowley, M.A., Chaplain of Sitapur in Oudh, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 72.—The services of the Reverend W. F. Armstrong, B.A., Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

No. 74.—APPOINTMENT.—The Reverend J. F. A. Gavin, B.A., to be Chaplain of Sitapur in Oudh.

No. 77.—The Reverend W. F. Armstrong, B.A., a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, reported his arrival at Calcutta on the 24th ultimo.

ARTHUR HOWELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.—FORESTS.

Fort William, the 10th March 1876.

No. 225.—Mr. H. Leeds, Deputy Conservator of Forests of the 1st Grade in the Central Provinces, is allowed fifteen months' leave of absence to Europe on medical certificate, under Sections 3 and 4, Supplement, F, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th instant, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 9th March 1876.

IN obedience to the Command of HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, SOVEREIGN of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, His Excellency the GRAND MASTER assembled a Chapter of the said Order at Allahabad, on Tuesday, the 7th of March 1876, at one o'clock P.M.; on which occasion His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES held an Investiture for the purpose of investing Major-General SAMUEL JAMES BROWNE, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Victoria Cross, on special duty with His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES; Major-General DIGHTON MACNAGHTEN PROBYN, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Victoria Cross, Equerry-in-Waiting to His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES; and Surgeon-General JOSEPH FAYRER, Doctor of Medicine, Companion of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Honorary Physician to Her Majesty the Queen and Physician to His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES, with the Insignia of the Second Class; and of decorating Colonel JAMES MICHAEL, Madras Staff Corps, Military Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George; Captain the Honorable HENRY CARR GLYN, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Royal Navy, Aide-de-Camp to Her Majesty the Queen, Commanding Her Majesty's Ship *Serapis*; Colonel WILLIAM EARLE, Grenadier Guards, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India; Captain EVELYN BARING, Royal Artillery, Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India; Lieutenant-Colonel ARTHUR EDWARD AUGUSTUS ELLIS, Grenadier Guards, Equerry-in-Waiting to His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES; Major PHILIP DURHAM HENDERSON, Madras Army, Officer on Special Duty in Cashmere, Political Officer on the Staff of His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES; and Major EDWARD RIDLEY COLBOURNE BRADFORD, Madras Staff Corps, on Special Duty with his Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES, with the Riband and Badge of the Third Class of the said Order.

At the time appointed His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES entered the Chamber of Investiture preceded by the Secretary to the Order and by Members of His Royal Highness' suite, and took his seat on the Dais.

Thereafter His Excellency the GRAND MASTER entered the Chamber of Investiture preceded by the Secretary to the Order, and by Members of His Excellency's Personal Staff.

The Chapter was then opened: and the aforesaid Major-General SAMUEL JAMES BROWNE, Major-General DIGHTON MACNAGHTEN PROBYN, and Surgeon-General JOSEPH FAYRER, were invested as Knights Commanders; and Colonel JAMES MICHAEL, Captain the Honorable HENRY CARR GLYN, Colonel WILLIAM EARLE, CAPTAIN EVELYN BARING, Lieutenant-Colonel ARTHUR EDWARD AUGUSTUS ELLIS, Major PHILIP DURHAM HENDERSON, and Major EDWARD RIDLEY COLBOURNE BRADFORD, Madras Staff Corps, were decorated as Companions of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

His Royal Highness after investing Major-General SAMUEL BROWNE, Major-General DIGHTON MACNAGHTEN PROBYN, and Surgeon-General JOSEPH FAYRER with the insignia of the second class of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, conferred upon them respectively the Title, Degree and Honor of a Knight Bachelor of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

After the Ceremonies of Investiture and Decoration had been concluded, the Chapter was dissolved.

His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES and His Excellency the GRAND MASTER then retired with their attendants from the Chamber of Investiture.

By Command of His Excellency the GRAND MASTER,

T. H. THORNTON,
Secretary,
Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—MILITARY.

Fort William, the 8th March 1876.

No. 13*M.*—Jemadar Ummur Sing, of the 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, is permitted to resign the service at his own request.

POLITICAL.

The 7th March 1876.

No. 622*P.*—With reference to Notification No. 1140P, dated 23rd April 1875, Mr. J. M. Leishman, Consular Agent for the United States of America at Rangoon, resumed charge of his office on the 11th February 1876.

The 8th March 1876.

No. 631*P.*—Under the provisions of Section 2 of Regulation V of 1873 (*a Regulation for the Peace and Government of certain Districts on the Eastern Frontier of Bengal*), the Governor General in Council hereby notifies that the line described below shall be the "Inner Line" under that Regulation in the district of Darrang:—

From the eastern boundary of the district of Kámrúp, that is, from the pillar No. 98 on the Bor Nadi, the line shall follow, in an easterly direction, the southern boundaries of Bhután (including the countries of the Kariapára and Charduar Bhutias), and of the Akha and Duffla Hills, as defined by the Revenue Survey in the years 1872-73-74-75, and demarcated by pillars Nos. 98 to 160 inclusive. From pillar No. 160 the line shall run in a south-easterly direction to the point where the Balum River cuts the northern boundary of the Singlijan waste land grant No. 18. Thence the line shall follow the eastern boundary of the Singlijan grant No. 18 to the point where the boundary cuts the Duffla Gar. Thence the line shall follow the Duffla Gar to a point on the Mora Sessa River, being the north-westerly extremity of the "Inner Line" of the Lakhimpur district, as notified in the *Gazette of India*, page 452, of the 4th September 1875.

Under the provisions of the section above quoted, the Governor General in Council is further pleased to prohibit all British subjects from going beyond the "Inner Line" hereby notified, without a pass under the hand and seal of the Deputy Commissioner of Darrang.

No. 634*P.*—In recognition of the liberality and public spirit displayed by Lala Mela Ram, of Lahore, the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confer upon him the title of "Rai" as a personal distinction.

GENERAL.

The 8th March 1876.

No. 544*G.*—The services of Surgeon R. Harvey, in medical charge of the 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, are placed at the disposal of the Home Department.

No. 545*G.*—APPOINTMENT.—Surgeon R. Caldecott, officiating in medical charge of the 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, to the medical charge of the 1st Regiment, Central India Horse, with effect from the date of receiving charge, *vice* Surgeon R. Harvey.

The 10th March 1876.

No. 558*G.*—APPOINTMENT.—Surgeon-Major H. W. Bellew, C.S.I., of the Bengal Medical Establishment, to officiate as Residency Surgeon, Nipal, with effect from 1st February 1876.

No. 560*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 501G, dated the 3rd March 1876, the subsidiary leave granted to Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. Ross, Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, will have effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 562*G.*—APPOINTMENT.—Major A. H. E. Campbell, Commanding the Resident's Escort, to officiate as Military Secretary to the Resident at Hyderabad, with effect from the date of taking charge, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Fraser, on furlough.

No. 563*G.*—ADDENDUM.—In Notification No. 191G., dated 28th January 1876, appointing *Lieutenant F. M. Rundall, Officiating Wing Subaltern, Meywar Bheel Corps, to officiate* as Adjutant, after the word "Adjutant," insert the words, "*in addition to his other duties.*"

T. H. THORNTON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ACCOUNTS.

Fort William, the 9th March 1876.

No. 1445.—Mr. R. Taylor is appointed to officiate as Deputy Comptroller General.

LEAVE AND ALLOWANCES.

The 9th March 1876.

No. 1453.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the insertion of the words *except in the Postal Department* after the words "provided that" in Section 20 (*b*) of the Acting Allowance Code, and the addition of the following note to the "explanation" of that section :—*Note.—This explanation does not apply to appointments in the Postal Department.*

MINT AND CURRENCY.

The 10th March 1876.

No. 1466.—Privilege leave for two months and nine days, from after the 9th April 1876, is granted to Surgeon-Major H. W. Graham, Assay Master, Bombay Mint.

Surgeon-Major P. F. Bellew, Deputy Assay Master, is appointed to officiate as Assay Master, and Mr. L. G. Hynes, Assistant to the Mint Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Assay Master of the Bombay Mint, during Surgeon-Major Graham's absence, or until further orders.

SEPARATE REVENUE—POST OFFICE.

The 10th March 1876.

No. 1405.—Notice is hereby given that an arrangement has been concluded for the exchange of parcels between India and the Austro-Hungarian monarchy.

On and after the 1*st April* 1876 parcels can be sent to places in Austria-Hungary under the same rates and conditions as apply to Germany.

The following detailed rules for the despatch of parcels from India to the United Kingdom and Foreign Europe will supersede those issued under the Notification by this Department, No. 2377, dated 12th November 1875 :—

Overland Parcel Post.

(1).—Parcels are received at any Post Office in India under the conditions and rates of charge mentioned below for transmission to the following countries, *viz.* :—

COUNTRY.	Rate of charge per lb. or fraction thereof. Prepayment compulsory.	Remarks respecting special conditions, &c., applicable to particular Countries.
	Annas.	
United Kingdom ...	8	The prepayment carries the parcel as far as London, any additional charge which may become due on account of British custom duty or carriage beyond London being realised from the addressee. The attention of the public is invited to the fact that the British Post Office has no connection with the Overland Parcel Post; all arrangements out of India are made by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, and enquiries proceeding from the United Kingdom should be addressed to that Company's Office, 122, Leadenhall Street, London, E. C. The British Post Office, however, has consented to exhibit in every Post Office of the United Kingdom a notice containing information on the subject of the Indian Parcel Post. Parcels must not exceed £50 in value. Any parcel which on examination of the declaration at Bombay may be found to exceed this value will, instead of being forwarded by the Overland Parcel Post, be transferred to the Bombay Agency of the P. & O. S. N. Company for transmission independently of the Post Office, and subject to such regulations and charges on delivery as may be applicable thereto under the Company's regulations. (NOTE.—The Company's present charge is an *ad valorem* rate of 2 per cent., which does not include Marine or other Insurance.)
Germany ...	8	The prepayment carries the parcel to destination. Should any custom duty become due, the amount will be charged on delivery. See also Rule 9 respecting compensation for damage or loss.
Austria-Hungary ...		
Denmark ...	8	The prepayment carries the parcel to the limit of German conveyance, a separate charge being made on delivery for conveyance beyond the German frontier, as well as for custom duty, should any become due. See also Rule 9 respecting compensation for damage or loss.
Sweden ...	8	The prepayment carries the parcel to the limit of German conveyance, a separate charge being made on delivery for conveyance beyond the German frontier, as well as for custom duty, should any become due. *From Rule* 3 *it will be seen that there must be also a second or duplicate declaration of contents and value.* See also Rule 9 respecting compensation for damage or loss.
Norway ...		
Switzerland ...		
France ...	8	The prepayment carries the parcel to the limit of German conveyance, a separate charge being made on delivery for conveyance beyond the German frontier, as well as for custom duty, should any become due. *From Rule* 3 *it will be seen that there must be also a second or duplicate declaration of contents and value, and that the second or duplicate declaration should contain a statement of the weight (lbs. and ozs. or tolas) of the contents, and should, if possible, be written in the French language.* See also Rule 9 respecting compensation for damage or loss.
The Netherlands (Holland).		
Belgium ...		

(2).—Every parcel should be securely packed in a closed cover or case, and should bear the name and address of the person in the United Kingdom or foreign country for whom it is intended.

N. B.—The public are specially warned against the use of flimsy covers for articles transmitted by the Parcel Post. Heavy articles are sometimes sent with only paper covering insecurely tied with string: friction in transit detaches this cover, and damage and loss ensue. A covering of stout cloth or wax cloth, sewn at the edges, is recommended; but if the contents are liable to suffer from pressure, boxes of wood or tin should be used.

(3).—Every parcel should be accompanied by a separate paper headed with the address of the parcel and containing a *declaration of its contents and value* under the signature of the sender. Below the signature the address of the sender should be given.

For the parcels addressed to—

The United Kingdom ... Germany ... ... Austria-Hungary ... Denmark	Only one declaration as above described is required.
Sweden ... ... Norway ... ... Switzerland	A second or duplicate declaration is also required.
France ... ... The Netherlands (Holland) Belgium	A second or duplicate declaration is also required, and the sender is requested to enter in the declaration a statement of the weight (lbs. and ozs. or tolas) of the contents, and to write the second or duplicate declaration, if possible, *in the French language*. Should he be unable to do so, the Bombay Post Office will attach to the second or duplicate English declaration a French rendering thereof, but the sender is warned of the delay which may result from this.

It is not deemed necessary to require exact adherence to any particular form of declaration, but the following specimen form may be useful to the senders of parcels:—

Specimen form of declaration.

Address of Parcel.
THOMAS B. SMITH,
114, *Piccadilly*,
LONDON.

CONTENTS—

	Value. £	s.	d.
1 Piece Puttoo Cloth	2	0	0
1 Rampore Chudder	2	10	0
TOTAL ...	4	10	0

I declare the above to be a true statement of the contents and value.

(Sd.) A. R. ROBINSON,
Amritsar.

N. B.—Declarations for parcels intended for France, the Netherlands or Belgium should, in addition to the above, contain a statement of the weight (lbs. and ozs. or tolas) of the contents.

(4).—The parcel so addressed and the separate paper or papers above referred to should then be enclosed in a *substantial outer cover*. This outer cover should be superscribed and addressed as follows:—

Overland Parcel Post.
To
The Post Master, Bombay.

(5).—The parcel so made up must be *fully prepaid by means of postage stamps at the rate of* 8 *annas* per lb. (40 tolas) or fraction of a lb., care being taken that the stamps adhere firmly to the cover.

(6).—The parcel so made up must not exceed 50lbs. (25 seers) in weight, or 2 feet in length by 1 foot in breadth or depth. It will be received at any Post Office at the hours fixed for the receipt of ordinary banghy parcels, the usual receipt being given to the sender without reference to the mode of packing prescribed in the case of inland parcels for which receipts are claimed.

(7).—On arrival at Bombay, the Post Master will take off the outer covering, and forward the inside parcel and the accompanying declaration or declarations to the country of inside address.

(8).—It is forbidden to send in these parcels opium or any liquid or any substance or material of a dangerous, damaging, or offensive kind.

(9).—In the case of parcels for or from Germany or Austria-Hungary and the foreign countries served through Germany, compensation will be given by the responsible Post Office to the sender for loss or damage sustained in transit (cases of *sea risk* or of *vis major* or of the *own negligence of the sender* in respect of packing or otherwise excepted). Such compensation will in no case exceed 1½ rupee for each lb. weight or fraction thereof in respect of parcels forwarded from India, and 3 marks or 1½ florins for each 500 grammes or fraction thereof in respect of parcels from Germany or Austria-Hungary. Should the sender desire it, the compensation will be paid to the addressee instead of to himself.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 10th March 1876.

The Viceroy and Governor General in Council has the highest gratification in announcing that in commemoration of the visit to India of Field Marshal His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES the QUEEN has been graciously pleased to appoint His Royal Highness to be Honorary Colonel of the following Regiments:—

11th Bengal Lancers
2nd Bengal Native Light Infantry
2nd Goorkha (the Sirmoor Rifle) Regiment
The Corps of Guides
The Corps of Madras Sappers and Miners
4th Madras Light Cavalry
3rd Bombay Light Cavalry
2nd Bombay Native Infantry (Grenadiers)

Her Majesty has been further graciously pleased to confer on the following Corps the distinction of being styled "QUEEN'S OWN" and of wearing on their colors and appointments the Royal Cypher within the Garter:—

2nd Bengal Native Light Infantry
The Corps of Guides
The Corps of Madras Sappers and Miners
3rd Bombay Light Cavalry

and on the following Corps the distinction of being styled the "PRINCE OF WALES' OWN" and of wearing the PRINCE OF WALES' Plume on their colors and appointments:—

11th Bengal Lancers
2nd Goorkha (the Sirmoor Rifle) Regiment
4th Madras Light Cavalry
2nd Bombay Native Infantry (Grenadiers)

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 6th March 1876.

No. 237 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer has reported his return from England :—

Lieutenant R. J. Bellew-Morgan, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Public Works Department,—date of arrival at Bombay, 22nd August 1875 (date of departure on furlough, 12th May 1873).

No. 238 *of* 1876.—Lieutenant R. J. Bellew-Morgan, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Public Works Department, is allowed an extension of leave to the 22nd August 1875, the date on which he reported his return to India from the furlough to Europe granted to him by G. G. O. No. 593 of 1873.

No. 239 *of* 1876.—Under the orders of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, donations from the canteens of the Royal Artillery in India to the charitable funds at Woolwich, will be allowed to be remitted through the monthly remittance returns forwarded to the War Department.

No. 240 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers and Warrant Officer have reported their departure on the dates specified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) W. S. Oliphant, of the Royal Engineers, G. G. O. No. 1282 of 1875,—*Persia*, 1st March 1876, from Bombay.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) F. W. Baugh, of Infantry, G. G. O. No. 2 of 1876,—21st February 1876, from Bombay.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. Playfair, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 108 of 1876,—*Australia*, 26th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Surgeon-Major J. J. McDermott, M. D., of the Medical Department, G. G. O. No. 1268 of 1875,—*Australia*, 26th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Major M. Ramsay, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 1319 of 1875,—*Duke of Devonshire*, 17th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Surgeon C. W. S. Deakin, of the Medical Department, G. G. O. No. 171 of 1876,—*Australia*, 26th February 1876, from Calcutta.

Lieutenant J. M. D. Lewes, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 1179 of 1875,—*Europa*, 25th February 1876, from Bombay.

Lieutenant C. J. R. Fulford, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 113 of 1876,—*Europa*, 25th February 1876, from Bombay.

Conductor P. M. O'Loughlin, Store-keeper and Assistant Overseer, Gunpowder Factory, Ishapore, G. G. O. No. 33 of 1876,—*Euphrates*, 23rd February 1876, from Bombay.

No. 241 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Warrant Officer is allowed furlough to New Zealand on medical certificate :—

Honorary Surgeon-Major Thomas Briscoe, of the Subordinate Medical Department,—for two years, under the Regulations of 1868.

No. 242 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Warrant Officer is allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate :—

Conductor George Hutchings, attached to the Army Clothing Agency, Alipore,—for twenty months, under the Regulations of 1868.

No. 243 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs :—

Major John Stewart, of the Royal Artillery, Superintendent of the Harness and Saddlery Factory at Cawnpore,—for six months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon-Major John Ince, M.D., of the Medical Department,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain William Ewbank Chambers, of the Bengal Staff Corps,—for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

The 7th March 1876.

No. 244 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Lieutenant J. G. Stone, Assistant Superintendent of the Harness and Saddlery Factory at Cawnpore, to officiate as Superintendent of the Factory, during the absence on furlough to Europe of Major J. Stewart, or until further orders.

No. 245 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers who were appointed* on probation as Sub-Assistant Commissaries General, 3rd Class, having passed the prescribed departmental tests, are permanently attached to the Army Commissariat Department :—

* G. G. O. No. 252 of 1875.
G. G. O. No. 289 of 1875.
G. G. O. No. 290 of 1875.

Captain H. V. Hunt, Bengal Staff Corps, Quartermaster, 25th (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Lieutenant C. S. Hogge, Bengal Staff Corps, 2nd Wing Subaltern, 24th (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry.

No. 246 *of* 1876.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 60, dated 18th January 1876, Lieutenant-Colonel W. N. Lees, Bengal Infantry, who has been residing in India under the terms of G. G. O. No. 797 of the 1st Augnst 1872, is permitted to return to England with a view to residing in that country under the same conditions.

No. 247 *of* 1876.—The services of Lieutenant H. L. Wells, of the Royal Engineers, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department, with effect from the 7th February 1876.

No. 248 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on urgent private affairs :—

Captain Thomas Herbert Lewin, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Grade, Cooch Behar,—for six months, under Rule XI of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 249 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 20 years' service, are promoted to the rank of Major, from the dates specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Captain Henry Peter Poleman Nash, 4th March 1876.

Captain Alfred Bloomfield, 7th March 1876.

No. 250 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Royal Engineers, who have been placed under orders for duty in the Bengal Presidency, reported their arrival on the date specified :—

Lieutenant A. C. Foley,
Lieutenant J. C. Campbell,
Lieutenant H. Finnis,
Lieutenant J. A. Ferrier,
Lieutenant C. R. Hoskyn,
} Date of arrival at Bombay, 22nd February 1876.

No. 251 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on urgent private affairs :—

Surgeon-Major Charles Peter Costello, of the Medical Department,—for six months, under Rule XI of the Regulations of 1868.

This cancels G. G. O. No. 1071, dated the 29th October 1875.

No. 252 *of* 1876.—Sergeant John McDermott, Barrack Master, 2nd Class, Central Provinces, is promoted to the Warrant Grade of the late Barrack Department, in the rank of Sub-Conductor, with effect from 20th June 1870.

The 8th March 1876.

No. 253 *of* 1876.—The following extract from list No. 3, dated the 11th February 1876, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

Permitted to return.

Captain J. H. W. Osborne, Infantry.
Captain C. H. Bergman, Infantry.
Captain H. A. McNair, Cavalry.
Lieutenant J. Abercrombie, S.C.
Major-General A. Taylor, C.B., R.E.
Surgeon J. Cleghorn.
Lieutenant A. J. Corse-Scott, S.C.
Captain C. H. Garbett, S.C.
Captain W. H. Meiklejohn, Infantry.

Granted extension of leave.

Captain R. F. Lowis, R.A., 7 months, private affairs.

No. 254 *of* 1876.—The services of Lieutenant E. A. E. Wylly, of the 109th Foot, a probationer for the Bengal Staff Corps, Officiating 2nd Wing Subaltern, 24th (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Fort St. George in view to his admission to the Madras Staff Corps.

No. 255 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers having completed twelve years' service, including four years in the Staff Corps, are promoted to the rank of Captain from the date specified under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant George Frederic Churchill, 8th March 1876.
Lieutenant James Mandeville Wood Von-Beverhoudt, 8th March 1876.

The 9th March 1876.

No. 256 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers have reported their return from England :—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) J. L. Nation, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, 35th (The Mynpoorie) Regiment of Native Infantry,—date of arrival at Fort William, 5th March 1876.

Captain B. Wemyss, of the General List, Infantry,—date of arrival at Fort William, 6th March 1876.

No. 257 *of* 1876.—The leave of absence for twenty days to visit Bombay preparatory to proceeding on furlough to Europe, granted to Captain C. Cowie, of the Royal Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class, by G. G. O. No. 205 of the 25th February 1876, is extended to thirty days.

No. 258 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned widows are admitted to pension equal to that conferred by the Order of Merit on their late husbands, for three years, commencing from the dates of the casualties :—

Name.	Rank, Name and Corps of deceased.	Date of admission.	Class of Order of Merit.	Circle of payment.
Sudhan ...	Subadar Major Bahadoor Sew Lall Doobey, of the Bhopal Battalion.	22nd June 1875.	2nd Class, *viz.*, Rs. 34-10-8 per mensem.	N. W. Provinces.
Pirzada Begum	Ressaidar Futteh Alli Shah, 10th Bengal Lancers.	16th May 1871.	2nd Class as Ressaidar, *viz.*, Rs. 24 per mensem.	Ditto.

No. 259 *of* 1876.—The following promotion in, and admission to, the Order of British India are made under the operation of G. G. O. No. 551 of the 5th June 1868 :—

To be a Member of the 1st Class of the Order of British India, with the title of "Sirdar Bahadoor."

Ressaldar Shaik Abdoola, "Bahadoor," of the 1st Regiment Bombay Light Cavalry, from the 1st January 1876, *vice* Subadar Major Gunga Sing and Subadar Major Shaik Husson, "Sirdars Bahadoor," pensioned.

To be a Member of the 2nd Class of the Order of British India with the title of "Bahadoor."

Subadar Major Shaik Oossman, of the 9th Bombay Regiment Native Infantry, from the 1st January 1876, *vice* Ressaldar Shaik Abdoola, promoted to the 1st Class.

No. 260 *of* 1876.—Supernumerary Surgeons Major George Cochet Chesnaye, John Duncan, M.D, and Edward Ord Tandy, of the Medical Department, are brought on the establishment of Surgeons Major to fill existing vacancies.

No. 261 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer has been allowed furlough to Europe :—

Captain Llewellyn Wavell, of the Bengal Staff Corps,—for twenty months. Sixteen months and one day on private affairs, under Rules IX and XV, and the remaining period on medical certificate, under Rule XIV, Clause II, of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 262 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs :—

Lieutenant Godfrey Hildebrand, of the Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, Public Works Department,—for six months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 263 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Warrant Officers have been allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate :—

Senior Apothecary Francis John Grose, of the Subordinate Medical Department,—for two years, under the Regulations of 1868.

First Class Apothecary William Blackburn Grassby, of the Subordinate Medical Department,—for twelve months, under the Regulations of 1868.

No. 264 *of* 1876.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 41, dated the 12th January 1869, and to remove any misapprehension which may exist regarding the application of that order, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased (in supersession of G. G. O. No. 1133 of 3rd November 1873) to publish for general information the following list of permanent public servants in the Bengal Presidency entitled to compensation for dearness of provisions under the above order.

2. Compensation will, however, be allowed only when the authorised ration, calculated on the cost of the second quality of the several articles of rations, exceeds Rs. 2-8-8 per mensem.

3. This order in no way affects the principle on which compensation has heretofore been passed to native troops or fighting men under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 454 of 27th May 1864, and will have effect from 1st January 1876, so far as it concerns establishments which were not previously entitled to compensation.

List of permanent regimental and departmental establishments entitled to compensation for dearness of provisions at the 2nd class or followers' rate, if in receipt of less than Rs. 10 *per mensem.*

REGIMENTAL.

Bhisties.
Bildars.
Barbers.
Bullock Drivers.
Bearers.
Compounders.
Cooks.
Carpenters.
Coppersmiths.
Coolies.
Chowdries.
Dressers.
Drivers.
Elephant Mahouts.
Ditto Coolies.
Flagmen.
Farriers.
Filemen.
Firemen.
Grass-cutters.
Goorgahs.
Hammermen.
Lascars.
Langrees.
Moochies.
Moonshees.
Muleteers.
Moulvies.
Mutsuddies.
Pundits or Grunthees.
Puckallies.
Smiths.
Salootries.
Syces.
Sweepers.
Tindals.
Weighmen.

GARRISON.

Durwans.
Ghurrywallahs.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Armourers.
Blacksmiths.
Bellowsmen.
Braziers.
Bhisties.
Bullock Drivers.
Carpenters.
Chucklers.
Chur-cutters.
Composition-makers.
Compounders.
Curriers.
Coopers.
Coppersmiths.
Chowkeydars.
Domes.
Engine Drivers.
Filemen.
Firemen.
Fuze-makers.
Fitters.
Hammermen.
Lascars.
Labourers.
Moochies.
Mahouts.
Painters.
Sail-makers.
Saddlers.
Sawyers.
Sicklegars.
Stokers.
Sweepers.
Turners.
Tanners.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Bhisties.
Coolies.
Durwans.
Furnacemen.
Markmen.
Packers.
Sweepers.
Trimmers.

MEDICAL STORE DEPARTMENT.

Bhisties.
Compounders.
Coolies.
Packers.
Sicklegars.
Sweepers.
Tailors.
Tinsmiths.

STUD DEPARTMENT.

Dandies.
Manjies.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Bearers.
Bildars.
Bhisties.
Chowkeydars.
Coolies.
Chuprassies.
Duffadars.
Drivers.
Jemadars.
Lascars.
Mahouts.
Naib Jemadars.
Peepawallahs.
Sirdars.
Sweepers.
Weighmen.

VICTUALLING ESTABLISHMENT.

Peons or Chuprassies.
Weighmen.

CATTLE ESTABLISHMENTS.

Nalbunds.
Moochies.
Jemadars.
Naib Jemadars.
Salootries.
Blacksmiths.
Duffadars.
Coolies.

GODOWN ESTABLISHMENTS.

Packermen.
Peons or Chuprassies.
Weighmen.
Measurers.
Coolies.
Permanent Chowkeydars.
Bhisties.
Coopers.
Churundars.
Sweepers.
Carpenters.

FLOUR MILL ESTABLISHMENTS.

Firemen.
Wood-carriers.
Bhisties.
Stone-dressers.
Topmen.
Flour-dressers.
Weighmen.
Shuttermen.
Oilmen.
Chowkeydars.
Peons or Chuprassies.
Coolies.
Sweepers.
Apprentices.
Carpenters.

KHEDDAH ESTABLISHMENTS.

Havildars.
Sepoys.
Weighmen.
Peons or Chuprassies.
Chowkeydars.
Coolies.
Mahouts.
Cooks.
Sweepers.

GARRISON, DEPÔT, STATION STAFF HOSPITAL AND PURVEYORS' ESTABLISHMENTS.

Barbers.
Bhisties.
Compounders.
Clothiers.
Cooks.
Coolies.
Dressers.
Dooly-bearers and Mates.
Purveyors' Servants.
Peons.
Sweepers (male and female).
Tailors.
Washermen.

MISCELLANEOUS ESTABLISHMENTS.

Tindals.
Classies.
Mate Ghurrymen.
Ghurrymen.
Peepawallahs.

GARRISON QUARTERMASTER'S ESTABLISHMENTS.

Fort William.

Bhisties.
Bearers.
Banghywallahs.
Chuprassies.
Coolies.
Domes.
Engine Coolies.
Gardeners.
Sweepers.
Weighmen.

CONVALESCENT DEPÔTS AS FOR REGIMENTAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

Sudder Bazar Establishments.

Chowkeydars.
Mutsuddies.
Weighmen.

4. Peons and other menial servants in offices are not entitled to compensation for dearness of provisions under this order.

No. 265 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. Stubbs, of the Royal Artillery, Commandant, Convalescent Depôt, Dalhousie, to officiate as Superintendent of the Gunpowder Factory at Ishapore, during the absence on furlough to Europe of Lieutenant-Colonel E. Tierney, or until further orders.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Fort William, the 29th February 1876.

No. 99.—Mr. G. J. Lynn, Assistant Examiner of Railway Accounts, Calcutta, is granted leave on private affairs for six months under Section 5, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it..

The 4th March 1876.

No. 105.—The appointment of Baboo Tarabur Mitter as an Accountant, 4th Grade, on probation, on the Northern Bengal State Railway, is approved.

No. 106.—Major W. B. Holmes, R.E., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Military Works Branch, is temporarily promoted to Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, with effect from the date on which he may relieve Mr. J. P. C. Anderson, going on furlough.

No. 107.—Mr. J. A. Johnson, Accountant, 4th, Grade, in the Office of the Auditor of the Oudh and Rohilkund Railway Accounts, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment.

No. 108.—The following transfers are ordered:—

Lieutenant J. Kellie, R.E., Assistant Engineer 2nd Grade, from Military Works Branch to Punjab Provincial Establishment.

Lieutenant J. T. Johnstone, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, from Punjab Provincial Establishment to the Military Works Branch.

The 6th March 1876.

No. 109.—The services of Captain J. Chalmers, Unattached List, Barrack Master, 1st Class, are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

The 7th March 1876.

No. 110.—The following changes in the Accounts Establishment, Public Works Department, are sanctioned by the Government of India:—

Mr. R. G. Macdonald, Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Madras, to be Examiner of Accounts, Tirhoot State Railway.

Mr. R. K. Williams, Deputy Examiner, Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Madras, to be temporarily Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Madras.

Mr. R. N. Burn, Assistant Examiner, Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Bombay, to be temporarily Deputy Examiner, Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Madras.

No. 111.—Captain F. G. Oldham, R.E., Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Hyderabad, is granted three months' privilege leave, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr. A. R. Becher, Deputy Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Hyderabad, during the absence of Captain Oldham, or until further orders.

No. 112.—In modification of Notification No. 97 of 28th February 1876, Baboo Mohendro Nath Chatterjee, Accountant, 4th Grade, Punjab Northern State Railway, is transferred to the Northern Bengal State Railway, instead of Dabendro Chunder Bose.

The 8th March 1876.

No. 113.—Annaswamy Pillay, Accountant, 4th Grade, on probation, in Central India, is confirmed in his appointment.

The 9th March 1876.

No. 114.—Mr. J. G. Midford, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, North-Western Provinces, Irrigation Branch, was transferred to Bengal, Irrigation Branch, with effect from 30th November 1873.

No. 115.—Mr. G. Burnell, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, on the establishment under the Director of State Railways, is transferred to British Burmah, Railway Branch.

No. 116.—Mr. J. S. Brown, Probationary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Branch, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department, with effect from 24th January 1876.

No. 117.—Mr. W. A. Bell, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, Holkar and Neemuch State Railways, is transferred to British Burmah for employment on Railways.

No. 118.—Major C. M. Moberly, M.S.C., Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Calcutta, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Accountant General and *ex-officio* Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, Accounts Branch, *vice* Major A. J. Filgate, R.E., going on furlough.

Major Moberly assumed charge of the office on the afternoon of the 4th March 1876.

The 10th March 1876.

No. 119.—Captain W. S. S. Bisset, R.E., Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, having reported his return from furlough, is granted subsidiary leave from the 9th to the 16th December 1875, inclusive.

Captain Bisset's services are placed at the disposal of the Director of State Railways, with effect from 17th December 1875, for employment as Manager of the Holkar Railway (open line), in Class II of the State Railway Traffic Establishment.

C. H. DICKENS, *Colonel, R. A.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

№ 12.] CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1876. [Register No. 75.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 12.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Fort William, the 17th March 1876.

No. 406.—HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL has the satisfaction of publishing for general information the following letter which he has had the honour of receiving from HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES:—

H.M.S. "Serapis,"
Bombay, the 13th March 1876.

MY DEAR LORD NORTHBROOK,

I cannot leave India without expressing to you, as the QUEEN'S Representative of this vast Empire, the sincere pleasure and the deep interest with which I have visited this great and wonderful country.

As you are aware, it has been my hope and intention for some years past to see India, with a view to become more intimately acquainted with the QUEEN'S subjects in this distant part of Her Empire, and to examine for myself those objects of interest which have always had so great an attraction for travellers.

I may candidly say that my expectations have been more than realized by what I have witnessed, so that I return to my native country most deeply impressed with all I have seen and heard. The information I have gained will, I am confident, be of the greatest value to me, and will form a useful foundation for much that I hope hereafter to acquire.

The reception I have met with from the Princes and Chiefs and from the native population at large is most gratifying to me; as the evidence of loyalty thus manifested shows an attachment to the QUEEN and to the Throne which I trust will be made every year more and more lasting. It is my earnest hope that the many millions of the QUEEN'S Indian subjects may daily become more convinced of the advantages of British rule, and that they may realize more fully that the Sovereign and the Government of England have the interests and well-being of India very sincerely at heart.

I have had frequent opportunities of seeing Native Troops of all branches of the Service, and I cannot withhold my opinion that they constitute an Army of which we may feel justly proud. The "march past" at Delhi of so many distinguished officers and of such highly disciplined troops was a most impressive sight, and one which I shall not easily forget.

I wish also to state my high appreciation of the Civil Service; and I feel assured that the manner in which their arduous duties are performed tends greatly to the prosperity and the contentment of all classes of the community.

I cannot conclude without thanking you, and all those in authority, for the facilities which have enabled me to traverse so rapidly so large an extent of country; and rest assured I shall ever retain a grateful memory of the hospitality tendered by yourself and by others who have so kindly received me.

Believe me, my dear Lord Northbrook,

Yours very sincerely,

ALBERT EDWARD.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 13th March 1876.

No. 141.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. H. M. Rogers to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, with effect from the 16th November last.

The 16th March 1876.

No. 155.—The Hon'ble A. Eden, Chief Commissioner of British Burma, reported his departure from Bombay, on the afternoon of the 28th ultimo, on the furlough granted to him in Home Department Notification No. 52, dated the 27th January last.

No. 157.—APPOINTMENTS.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. G. Duff, Judge of the Town of Maulmain in British Burma, to be Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Grade, *vice* Colonel H. A. Browne, promoted by Home Department Notification No. 67, dated 8th ultimo.

Mr. D. G. Macleod, 1st Judge of the Small Cause Court at Rangoon, to be Judge of the Town of Maulmain, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Duff.

Mr. M. A. F. Lingham, Barrister-at-Law, to be 1st Judge of the Small Cause Court at Rangoon, *vice* Mr. Macleod.

The 17th March 1876.

No. 165.—APPOINTMENT.—Captain N. M. T. Horsford, Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Grade in Oudh, to officiate as Superintendent of Excise and Stamps, and Inspector General of Registration in that Province, during the absence on furlough of Mr. E. N. C. Braddon, or until further orders.

MEDICAL.

The 17th March 1876.

No. 164.—APPOINTMENT.—Surgeon J. McConaghey, M.D., to officiate as Civil Medical Officer of Gonda in Oudh during the absence on furlough of Surgeon P. J. Heffernan, or until further orders.

JUDICIAL.

The 14th March 1876.

No. 408.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of Act XIII. of 1859 (an Act to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract by artificers, workmen and labourers in certain cases), the Governor General in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of that Act to the Districts of Sylhet and Goálpára in the Province of Assam.

No. 409.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 2 of Act VIII. of 1874, and Section 2 of Act XII. of 1874, the Governor General in Council is pleased to delegate to the Chief Commissioner of Assam the power of specially appointing Officers to exercise the powers of a Magistrate of Police under Act XIII. of 1859 in those districts of Assam in which the last-mentioned Act is or may for the time being be in force.

The 17th March 1876.

No. 426.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 10, Act VI of 1871, the Governor General in Council is pleased to invest Babu Jogesh Chandra Chatterjee, M.A., B.L., Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner in Assam, with the powers of a Munsif, to be exercised within the limits of the Sibságar District.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 16th March 1876.

No. 130.—The Governor General in Council has received with the deepest regret the intelligence of the death at Rawalpindi in the Punjab, on the morning of the 15th instant, of the Right Reverend Robert Milman, D.D., Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

The Governor General in Council desires to place on record the sense which he entertains of the late Bishop Milman's indefatigable energy in the discharge of the high functions of his office;—of his charity and munificence;—of his zeal in promoting all good works—especially the education of the poorer classes of Europeans in India—and of his broad and benevolent sympathy with all classes of the community. The Bishop has devoted his health and strength to the conscientious fulfilment of his arduous duties in ministering to the spiritual and temporal welfare of his diocese; and he has now died in the midst of his labours, doubtless in consequence of them.

The Governor General in Council is sure that Bishop Milman's untimely death will be felt as a personal loss and that his memory will be affectionately cherished by Her Majesty's subjects in India.

The Flag of Fort William will be hoisted half-mast high to-day, which is the day of the funeral.

No. 131.—In consequence of the demise of the Right Reverend Robert Milman, D.D., the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following extract from the Letters Patent of the 24th January 1867, be published for general information:—

"And we further will that during a vacancy of the said See of Calcutta by the demise of the Bishop thereof for the time being or otherwise, the Episcopal Jurisdiction and functions appertaining to the said See shall be exercised by such one of the Suffragan Bishops of Madras and Bombay for the time being as shall have been first consecrated."

The said Episcopal Jurisdiction and functions will accordingly be exercised by the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.

ARTHUR HOWELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.—MINERALS AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Fort William, the 17th March 1876.

No. 36.—Mr. Ambrose Tween, Assistant in the Geological Survey and Curator of the Geological Museum, has been granted six months' leave of absence on private affairs, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

SURVEYS.

The 14th March 1876.

No. 256.—Mr. W. H. Cole, M.A., Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 3rd Grade, Great Trigonometrical Survey, is allowed six months' leave on private affairs, under Section 5, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 258.—Mr. G. W. Hill, Executive Officer in the Marine Survey Department, is granted one month's privilege leave, under Section 21, Chapter VI, of the Civil Leave Code, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.—GENERAL.

Fort William, the 17th March 1876.

No. 609 *G.*—APPOINTMENT.—Captain W. F. Prideaux, Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, and Political Agent, 3rd Class, to officiate as Resident, 2nd Class, and as Political Resident, Persian Gulf, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. Ross.

Mr. F. C. Daukes, C.S., Senior Attaché, Foreign Department, to officiate as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, and Political Agent, 3rd Class, *vice* Captain Prideaux.

Mr. H. M. Durand, C.S., Junior Attaché, Foreign Department, to officiate as Senior Attaché, Foreign Department, *vice* Mr. Daukes.

Lieutenant H. M. Temple, to officiate as Junior Attaché, Foreign Department, *vice* Mr. Durand.

The above appointments will have effect from date of receiving charge.

T. H. THORNTON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ACCOUNTS.

Fort William, the 14th March 1876.

No. 1560.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to empower Mr. R. E. Hamilton, Officiating Assistant Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta, to sign Promissory Notes for the Secretary to the Government of India.

The 17th March 1876.

No. 1580.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that the Trustees of the Annuity Branch of the Bombay Civil Fund have transferred the assets and liabilities of the Bombay Civil Annuity Fund to the Secretary of State for India in Council, in accordance with the provisions of 37 Vic., Cap. 12, and that the Secretary of State for India in Council has accepted the said transfer.

No. 1586.—Mr. E. M. Palmer is appointed to officiate as Assistant to the Accountant General, Bombay.

LEAVE AND ALLOWANCES.

The 17th March 1876.

No. 1561.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to rule that when a gazetted Uncovenanted Officer, for whom no specific scale of travelling allowance is sanctioned, is temporarily absent from his head-quarters on duty, he may draw travelling allowance at 4 annas a mile.

No. 1579.—The Governor General in Council directs the substitution of the following for the note within parenthesis at the head of the Rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code:—

(The Rules in this Chapter apply to Commissioned Military Officers in Civil employ, except those employed in the Public Works Department and in the Survey Department under the Surveyor General of India, for whom there are special departmental rules.)

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 10th March 1876.

No. 266 *of* 1876.—The Viceroy and Governor General in Council has the highest gratification in announcing that in commemoration of the visit to India of Field Marshal His Royal Highness the PRINCE OF WALES, the QUEEN has been graciously pleased to appoint His Royal Highness to be Honorary Colonel of the following Regiments:—

11th Bengal Lancers
2nd Bengal Native Light Infantry
2nd Goorkha (The Sirmoor Rifle) Regiment
The Corps of Guides
The Corps of Madras Sappers and Miners
4th Madras Light Cavalry
3rd Bombay Light Cavalry
2nd Bombay Native Infantry (Grenadiers).

Her Majesty has been further graciously pleased to confer on the following Corps the distinction of being styled "QUEEN'S OWN" and of wearing on their colors and appointments the Royal Cypher within the Garter:—

2nd Bengal Native Light Infantry
The Corps of Guides
The Corps of Madras Sappers and Miners
3rd Bombay Light Cavalry

and on the following Corps the distinction of being styled the "PRINCE OF WALES' OWN" and of wearing the PRINCE OF WALES' Plume on their colors and appointments:—

11th Bengal Lancers.
2nd Goorkha (The Sirmoor Rifle) Regiment
4th Madras Light Cavalry
2nd Bombay Native Infantry (Grenadiers).

The 13th March 1876.

No. 267 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

4th Sikh Infantry.

Lieutenant E. B. J. Vaughan, of the 92nd Foot, a candidate for the Bengal Staff Corps, to officiate as 2nd Wing Subaltern, on probation, during the period Lieutenant C. Dempster may officiate as 1st Wing Subaltern, or until further orders.

No. 268 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Surgeon-Major William Burns Beatson, M.D., of the Medical Department,—for eight months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon-Major William Moir, M.B., of the Medical Department,—for eight months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain Henry Montagu Buller, of the late 5th European Light Cavalry, 2nd-in-Command and Squadron Officer, 1st Regiment Central India Horse, and Political Assistant, Goonah,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 269 *of* 1876.—Second Class Assistant Apothecary William Robert Davis, of the Subordinate Medical Department, is dismissed from the service.

No. 270 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Warrant Officer has been allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate:—

Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Cannell, of the Public Works Department, attached to Engineer Park, Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners,—for two years, under paragraph 7 of G. G. O. No. 171 of 1874.

No. 271 *of* 1876.—With reference to the Notification issued by the Government of the North-Western Provinces, No. 133 A, dated the 3rd March 1876, the services of Surgeon A. H. Williams, M.B., of the Medical Department, late Officiating Civil, Almorah, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 16th February 1876.

No. 272 *of* 1876.—With reference to the Notification issued by the Public Works Department, No. 109, dated the 6th March 1876, the services

of Captain J. Chalmers, Unattached List, Barrack Master, 1st Class, are at his own request replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 273 *of* 1876.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) A. E. Osborn, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Military Accountant, 1st Class, 2nd Grade, 1st Examiner, Pay Department, is allowed leave of absence from the 15th March to the 2nd July 1876, to visit Simla and Kasauli on private affairs, under the Regulations of 1868.

The 14th March 1876.

No. 274 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed twelve years' service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, is admitted to the Colonel's allowance, with effect from the date specified, under the operation of G. G. O. No. 808 of 1866, paragraph 61, clause 5:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Frederic Peter Layard,—11th March 1876.

No. 275 *of* 1876.—Captain N. F. Parker, of the General List Infantry, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, is allowed leave of absence for thirty days, with effect from the 15th March 1876, or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, to visit the Presidency preparatory to obtaining furlough to Europe on private affairs, under the Regulations of 1868.

No. 276 *of* 1876.—The following promotion is made in the under-mentioned Corps of the Native Army:—

3rd Goorkha (*The Kemaoon*) *Regiment.*

Color Havildar Hurkoo Singh to be Jemadar from the 16th November 1875, *vice* Lall Sing Gossain, invalided.

No. 277 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Captain *Sir* Benjamin Parnell Bromhead, *Baronet*, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 1st Wing Subaltern, 40th (The Shahjehanpore) Regiment of Native Infantry,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain Henry Lees Smith, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey Department,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant Frank Vincent Corbett, of the Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, Public Works Department,—for eighteen months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 278 *of* 1876.—The following Notification issued by the Financial Department, No. 846, dated the 11th February 1876, is republished for general information as applicable to the three Presidencies:—

LEAVE AND ALLOWANCES.

Fort William, the 11th February 1876.

No. 846.—In supersession of all existing orders on the subject, the Governor General in Council is pleased to rule for the future that a Commissioned Medical Officer holding a Civil appointment on consolidated pay, which is less than his Military pay, shall receive the difference between his Civil and his Military pay only if he is prevented from resigning his appointment for public reasons, to be approved by the Government of India in the Military and Financial Departments, and that whenever a Commissioned Medical or other Military Officer holding a Civil appointment on consolidated pay, which is less than his Military pay, is allowed to draw the difference between them, he shall draw it from the Department from which he receives his consolidated pay.

The 15th March 1876.

No. 279 *of* 1876.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* of the 8th February 1876, page 529, is published for general information:—

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL,
8th February 1876.

* * * * *

Unattached.

Captain Patrick Roddy, V.C., of the Bengal Unattached List, to be Major on the Bengal Unattached List. Dated 9th February 1876.

Brevet.

Lieutenant-Colonel Howard C. Dowker, Madras Staff Corps, having completed the qualifying service, to be Colonel. Dated 13th June 1875.

No. 280 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of the Meywar Bheel Corps are transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment on the pensions specified:—

RANK.	NAMES.	In what rank pensioned.	Amount of pension.	Circle of payment.
			Rs. A. P.	
Havildar	Mungul Sing ...	Havildar	6 0 0	N. W. Provinces.
„ ...	Rama ...	„ ...	6 0 0	„
„ ...	Homa ...	„ ...	6 0 0	„
„ ...	Homa ...	„ ...	6 0 0	„
„ ...	Pudma ...	„ ...	6 0 0	„
„ ...	Sew Bux ...	Naick ...	5 0 0	„
Naick ...	Bhanees ...	„ ...	5 0 0	„
„ ...	Jeewa ...	„ ...	5 0 0	„
„ ...	Kodra ...	„ ...	5 0 0	„
Bugle Major.	Emam Bux ...	Bugle Major.	6 0 0	„
Private...	Kanjee ...	Private...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Koobera ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Bhawla ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Kodra ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Lalla ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Thawreea ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Kaleea ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Dhurma ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Haleea ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„
„ ...	Lotun ...	„ ...	3 8 0	„

No. 281 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Warrant Officer has been allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate:—

Sub-Conductor Thomas Radford, of the Army Commissariat Department,—for two years, under the Regulations of 1868.

No. 282 *of* 1876.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) C. H. Palliser, C.B., of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, 10th Bengal Lancers, is allowed an extension of leave to the 2nd February 1876, the date on which he reported his return to India from the furlough to Europe granted to him by G. G. O. No. 414 of 1875.

No. 283 *of* 1876.—The following orders issued by the Resident at Hyderabad are confirmed:—

No. 54, *dated the 4th March* 1876.—Granting Major H. Watson, Commandant, 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, leave of absence from the 10th March 1876, or date of departure, to the 1st June 1876, to visit the country in the vicinity of Mominabad.

No. 56, *dated the 6th March* 1876.—Granting Lieutenant W. H. Salmon, Wing Subaltern, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, an extension of two months to the leave of absence on medical certificate granted him in G. G. O. No. 167 of 1876.

No. 284 *of* 1876.—Native Medical Pupil Kanahee Lall, No. 519, admitted by G. G. O. No. 1054 of 1873, is dismissed the service.

No. 285 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer has been allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate:—

Major H. P. Pearson, of the 2nd Battalion 12th Foot, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General, Gwalior District,—for ten months, under para. 4 of G. G. O. No. 171 of 1874.

No. 286 *of* 1876.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Quartermaster General's Department.

Lieutenant C. Roberts, of the 72nd Foot, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General during the absence on furlough to Europe of Major H. P. Pearson, or until further orders.

The 16th March 1876.

No. 287 *of* 1876.—Mr. G. W. Kellner, Accountant General, Military Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs for one year, with thirty days' subsidiary leave, from such date as he may avail himself of it, under Sections 10 (*a*) and 18 (*a*) of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 288 *of* 1876.—Jemadar Muthra Singh, of the 5th Bengal Cavalry, is appointed Woordie-Major of the 8th Bengal Cavalry, with effect from the 4th October 1875, *vice* Myboob Khan, removed from that appointment.

No 289 *of* 1876.—The following admission to the Order of British India is made under the operation of G. G. O. No. 551 of the 5th June 1868:—

To be a Member of the 2nd Class of the Order of British India, with the title of "Bahadoor."

Subadar-Major Soobiah, of the 35th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, from the 3rd March 1876, *vice* Subadar Syed Ebram and Subadar-Major Ramasawmy, "Bahadoors," of the 2nd Class, pensioned.

No. 290 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer has been permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Major (Brevet Colonel) Charles John Stanley Gough, C.B., V.C., of the late 5th European Light Cavalry, Commandant, 5th Bengal Cavalry,—for two years, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 291 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers and Warrant Officer have reported their return from England:—

Surgeon-Major W. C. Smith, M.D., of the Medical Department, in medical charge, 27th (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry,—date of arrival at Fort William, 23rd December 1875.

Captain C. O'Donel, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class,—date of arrival at Bombay, 9th March 1876.

Captain J. E. W. Howey, of the General List, Infantry,—date of arrival at Fort William, 22nd February 1876.

Captain H. A. McNair, of the late 29th Regiment of Native Infantry, 2nd Squadron Officer, 12th Bengal Cavalry,—date of arrival at Bombay, 9th March 1876.

Surgeon J. Cleghorn, M.D., of the Medical Department, Junior Civil Surgeon and Superintendent, District Jail, Allahabad,—date of arrival at Bombay, 9th March 1876.

Sub-Conductor S. Corbett, of the Army Commissariat Department,—date of arrival at Bombay, 8th March 1876.

No. 292 *of* 1876.—Surgeon-Major W. C. Smith, M.D., of the Medical Department, in medical charge, 27th (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry, is allowed an extension of leave to the 23rd December 1875, the date on which he reported his return to India from the furlough to Europe granted to him by G. G. O. No. 279 of 1874.

No. 293 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant Charles Grenville Mansel, of the 63rd Foot, 2nd Squadron Subaltern, 4th Punjab Cavalry, Punjab Frontier Force,—30th June 1874.

No. 294 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers have reported their departure on the dates specified:—

Lieutenant-Colonel R. Murray, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 1319 of 1875,—*Ceylon*, 6th March 1876, from Bombay.

Major W. G. Cubitt, V.C., of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 206 of 1876,—*Merkara*, 8th March 1876, from Calcutta.

Major C. H. S. Scott, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 165 of 1876,—*Utopia*, 11th March 1876, from Bombay.

Captain A. L. Playfair, of the Bengal Staff Corps; G. G. O. No. 184 of 1876,—*Merkara*, 8th March 1876, from Calcutta

Surgeon-Major C. Hatchell, of the Medical Department, G. G. O. No. 207 of 1876,—*Juno*, 10th March 1876, from Bombay.

No. 295 *of* 1876.—The following appointment and promotions are made in the under-mentioned Corps of the Punjab Frontier Force;—

1st Sikh Infantry.

Subadar Sadulah Khan is appointed Subadar Major, *vice* Bhup Singh, invalided.

Jemadar Diwan Singh, to be Subadar, *vice* Bhup Singh, invalided.

Color Havildar Makhan Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Diwan Singh, promoted.

The above appointment and promotions will have effect from the 6th February 1876.

1st Punjab Infantry.

Jemadar Fyztullab, to be Subadar, *vice* Mah Singh, deceased.

Havildar Uttur Singh, to be Jemadar, *vice* Fyztullab, promoted.

These promotions will have effect from the 18th November 1875.

No. 296 *of* 1876.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 1315,* dated the 28th December 1872, the following letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

* Republished in G. G. O. No. 560 of 1873.

FINANCIAL. (*Military Funds.*) No. 10.

INDIA OFFICE, LONDON, 6*th January* 1876.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

MY LORD,—I have considered in Council your Military Letter, dated 12th November 1875, No. 278, in which you submit for my consideration the question whether it would be competent to an officer who has exchanged from a purchase Corps into the Staff Corps, and who may retire from the service by the sale of his commission before being entitled to Indian pension, to continue his subscription to the Indian Service Family Pension Fund for the benefit of his wife and family after such retirement.

2. In reply I have to inform you that an officer so situated would not be entitled to continue his subscription to the Fund.

3. Such cases are not, however, likely to be of frequent occurrence, and I see no objection to the return on retirement of contributions in excess of the risk borne by the Fund during membership.

I have, &c.,
SALISBURY.

The 17th March 1876.

No. 297 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) James Eardley Gastrell, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Surveyor General, and Superintendent of Revenue Surveys, Upper Circle,—for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Major Charles Neave Judge, of the Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Military Works, Darjeeling Division, Public Works Department,—for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain (Brevet Major) Brydges Robinson Branfill, of the late 5th European Light Cavalry, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Grade, Great Trigonometrical Survey of India,—for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain Harry Crommelin Rowcroft, of the Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Delhi Division, Western Jumna Canal, Punjab, Public Works Department,—for one year six months and eleven days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain David Adamson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 1st Squadron Subaltern, 4th Bengal Cavalry,—for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 298 *of* 1876.—ERRATUM.—G. G. O. No. 1217 of 1875 is hereby cancelled, and G. G. O. No. 1014 of 1875, notifying Sub-Conductor R. Willy as attached to the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar, will hold good.

Order books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 299 *of* 1876.—The services of Surgeons R. D. Murray and D. W. D. Comins, of the Medical Department, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 300 *of* 1876.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on urgent private affairs:—

Major George Anthony Aufrere Baker, of the Bengal Staff Corps, 2nd in Command and Squadron Officer, 6th Bengal Cavalry,—for six months, under Rule XI of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 301 *of* 1876.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 954 of the 2nd October 1874, Surgeon-Major P. S. Turnbull, M.D., of the Bombay Medical Department, is confirmed in the appointment of Examiner of Medical Accounts, Bombay, with effect from the 21st February 1876, *vice* Surgeon-Major J. Y. Smith, retired.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 17th March 1876.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that report of the death of the under-mentioned Commissioned Officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department from 26th February to 17th March 1876 :—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.
Bengal Staff Corps ...	Lieut. R. E. A. Jenkins ...	28th February 1876 ...	Peshawar.	

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates from 4th to 17th March 1876.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
INDIAN MILITARY SERVICE.							
Charles Edward Hunter ...	Captain ...	Bengal Staff Corps.	4th December 1875.	...	2,000 0 0	...	17th May 1876.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 14th March 1876.

No. 8 *of* 1876.—Captain A. Baker, Deputy Master Attendant, Officiating Master Attendant, Calcutta, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough for two years, with fourteen days' subsidiary leave, from 18th March 1876, or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, under Sections 7 and 10, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Fort William, the 11th March 1876.

No. 120.—Mr. H. W. Allen, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Mysore, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department.

No. 121.—Mr. F. F. Hensley, Assistant Superintendent of Telegraphs, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Examiner of Telegraph Accounts, with effect from 1st February 1876.

The 13th March 1876.

No. 122.—Mr. J. Lyons, Overseer, 1st Grade, on the establishment under the Director of State Railways, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department, with effect from 5th January 1876.

No. 123.—Mr. W. B. Farr, Examiner of Accounts, 3rd Class, 1st Grade, and Auditor, Oudh and Rohilkund Railway, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment, with effect from 4th February 1876, the date of expiration of the leave granted to him.

Mr. G. O. Smith, temporary Examiner of Accounts, 3rd Class, 1st Grade, and Officiating Auditor, Oudh and Rohilkund Railway, is confirmed in his appointment and grade, *vice* Mr. Farr, resigned.

No. 124.—Private J. Hearlihy, Probationary Overseer, 1st Grade, Military Works Branch, is permanently appointed to the Public Works Department.

The 14th March 1876.

No. 125.—Mr. W. Goodenough Bayly, B.A., Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Oudh, reported his departure for Europe on the 19th February 1876, on the leave granted to him in Public Works Department Notification No. 50 of 31st January 1876.

No. 126.—Mr. J. G. Furnivall, Store-keeper, 1st Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, is appointed to officiate as Store-keeper for State Railways in Calcutta, during the absence on furlough of Mr. W. Watson, or until further orders.

The 15th March 1876.

No. 127.—Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) T. O. Wingate, B. S. C., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Branch, is granted subsidiary leave not exceeding 30 days from 9th March 1876, under section 18 (*a*) and section 20 (*d*) 1 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 128.—Gunner J. Brown, 13th Brigade, Royal Artillery, is re-appointed to the Public Works Department as Supervisor, 1st Grade, and posted to the establishment under the Director of State Railways.

The 16th March 1876.

No. 130.—Lieutenant W. Pitt, R. E., is appointed to the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, and posted to the Military Works Branch.

No. 131.—Mr. S. Geoghegan, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, on the establishment under the Director of State Railways, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment, with effect from the date of expiration of the leave granted to him.

No. 133.—Mr. J. Hogan, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Branch, having passed the prescribed examination, is promoted to the rank of Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, with effect from 21st December 1875.

No. 134.—Mr. (late Sergeant) J. Williams, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, North-Western Provinces, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, having obtained his discharge from the Army on the 18th October 1874, when he held the departmental rank of Supervisor, 1st Grade, was re-appointed to the Public Works Department as a Civilian in the latter grade, with effect from that date.

No. 135.—Lieutenant F. T. Maxwell, R.E., is appointed to the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, and posted temporarily to the North-Western Provinces for employment in the Thomason Civil Engineering College.

No. 137.—Baboo Kirtee Ram Borooah is appointed an Accountant, 4th Grade, on probation, and posted to Assam.

TELEGRAPH.

The 15th March 1876.

No. 129.—Major H. Mallock, Director of Construction, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Director General of Telegraphs, in addition to his own duties, during the period Mr. Cappel may officiate as Director General of Telegraphs, or until further orders.

C. H. DICKENS, *Colonel, R. A.,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 13.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1876. {Register No. 75.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 13.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Fort William, the 18th March 1876.

No. 167.—APPOINTMENT.—Lieutenant-Colonel O. L. Smith, District Superintendent of Police of the 1st Grade in Oudh, to officiate as Inspector General of Police in that Province during the absence on furlough of Colone DeS. Barrow, or until further orders.

The 20th March 1876.

No. 169.—APPOINTMENTS.—Major T. Lowndes, District Superintendent of Police, 1st Grade in British Burma, to be Inspector General of Police, with effect from the 28th January last, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel H. T. Duncan.

No. 170.—Mr. E. J. Sinkinson, Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Grade, to be Junior Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of British Burma *vice* Lieutenant C. B. Cooke.

The 22nd March 1876.

No. 179.—APPOINTMENT.—Mr. T. J. Murray, C.S., to be Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Grade, in Assam *vice* Mr. P. T. Carnegy promoted.

The 23rd March 1876.

No. 182.—APPOINTMENT.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Perkins, Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Grade in Oudh, to officiate as Commissioner of the Lucknow Division during the absence of Colonel J. Reid, or until further orders.

The 24th March 1876.

No. 184.—APPOINTMENTS.—Mr. T. F. F. Fforde, Assistant District Superintendent, and Officiating District Superintendent of Police of the 5th Grade in British Burma, to be District Superintendent of the Municipal Police of the Town of Rangoon with effect from the 13th December 1875.

Mr. J. C. Perreau, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, to officiate as District Superintendent of the 5th Grade *vice* Mr. T. F. F. Fforde.

MEDICAL.

The 24th March 1876.

No. 176.—The services of Surgeon-Major P. W. Sutherland, in joint medical charge of Simla, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department with effect from the date of his being relieved of such charge by Surgeon R. Harvey.

PORT BLAIR.

The 24th March 1876.

No. 80.—APPOINTMENT.—Major-General C. A. Barwell, C.B., to be Chief Commissioner of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands and Superintendent of Port Blair and the Nicobars *vice* Major-General D. M. Stewart.

PATENTS.

The 24th March 1876.

No. 164.—Specifications of the under-mentioned Inventions have been filed, under the provisions of

Act XV of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department. Copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay and the North-Western Provinces. A copy of every Specification is open, at all reasonable hours, at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, to public inspection, upon payment of a fee of one rupee. A certified copy of any Specification will be given to any person requiring the same, on payment of the expense of copying:—

No. 66 of 1875.—Messrs. P. J. Kuryan, M. P. Lazer and M. V. Payli, all residing at British Cochin, for "raising water."

No. 72 of 1875.—Messrs. François Durand and Ernest Louis Marais, both of No. 23 Boulevard de Strasbourg, Paris, in the Republic of France, for "an improved apparatus for pressing or moulding bricks and other agglomerated articles of like kind."

No. 79 of 1875.—Mr. William Jackson, of Jorehaut, Assam, India, for "drying green tea leaf."

No. 1 of 1876.—Babu Madhub Chander Bysak, Dragon Iron Works, No. 36 Strand, Armenian Ghât, for "a machine for breaking the shell of castor seeds."

No. 2 of 1876.—Mr. Henry Bull, Engineer, Public Works Department, Agra, for "a combustible damper."

No. 3 of 1876.—Mr. Alfred Joseph Macbay, of 4 Fairlie Place, Calcutta, Merchant, for "converting vegetable and animal fibrous substances of every kind into materials resembling wood, vulcanite, felt, papier-maché, leather, gutta-percha, horn, bone, ivory, stone, clayware, and other hard or tough substances for use as a substitute for any of such substances."

No. 4 of 1876.—Mr. James Steel, of Glasgow, in the County of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, for "a new or improved brake-block."

No. 5 of 1876.—Mr. Richard Gewase Elwes, of 7 Westminster Chambers, in the city of Westminster, Civil Engineer, for "improvements in filters for the decolorisation of sugar in solution and other liquids."

No. 9 of 1876.—Mr. Lorenzo Scala, of Genova, in the kingdom of Italy, at present residing at 4 De Lanne Street, Kennington Park, in the County of Surrey, England, for "improvements in dyeing when indigo is employed."

ARTHUR HOWELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.—LAND REVENUE AND SETTLEMENT.

Fort William, the 23rd March 1876.

No. 243.—In continuation of Notification No. 394, dated the 6th October 1871, the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the rules for the grant of extra suburban allotments in Rangoon.

COMMERCE AND TRADE.

The 24th March 1876.

No. 4 of 1876.—The following Notice received from the Hydrographer to the British Admiralty is published for general information:—

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

SUMATRA.

MALACCA STRAIT—NORTH ENTRANCE.

(1) PULO BRASSE AUXILIARY LIGHT.

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 144, dated 9th October 1875, on the establishment of a light on the north point of Pulo Brasse, and the intended exhibition of an auxiliary light—

The Netherlands Government has given further Notice, that the auxiliary light is now exhibited below the principal light.

The auxiliary light is a *fixed red* light, visible through an arc of 90 degrees, between the bearings of S. by E. ½ E. and E. by N. ½ N., elevated 430 feet above the level of the sea, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 8 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the fourth order.

The light indicates the positions of the islands and shoals that lie to the north-west of the light-house.

(2) ISLAND BETWEEN PULO NIAS AND SUMATRA.

The Netherlands Government has given Notice, that a low barren island, Konig Willem island, has been discovered in the strait between Pulo Nias and Sumatra, lying S.E. ½ E. about 10 miles from Pulo Doca.

About 8 miles eastward of Konig Willem is situated a white rock, at 2 miles from which the sea was observed to break.

Position of the island, lat. 1° 24′ N., long. 98° 17′ E. Position of White rock, lat. 1° 27′ N., long. 98° 24′ E.

[*All Bearings are Magnetic. Variation* 1½° *Easterly in* 1876.]

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR,
Superintendent, Marine Surveys.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT,
CALCUTTA,
23rd March 1876.

By Order,

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—

(1) Acheen head to Diamond point, No. 219; Sumatra island, west coast, No. 2760; Indian Ocean, No. 748 *a*; and Bengal bay, No. 70 *b*; also Admiralty List of Lights in South Africa, East Indies, &c., 1876, No. 100 *a*; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 593.

(2) Indian Ocean, No. 748 *a*; and Sumatra, west coast, No. 2760; also Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 626.

If this Notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.